COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

And Report of Independent Auditor



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TOWN OF ANGIER

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



February 25, 2019

Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council And Citizens of the Town of Angier:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of the Town of Angier for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, is submitted by the Town's Finance Department, and it is the comprehensive publication of the Town's financial position at June 30, 2018, and results of operations for the fiscal year then ended for all funds of the Town. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This report is published to fulfill that requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, and to provide complete and further accountability to citizens and other interested parties by providing a comprehensive report in lieu of the minimum basic financial statement requirements.

Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data, and the completeness and the fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the town. We believe the enclosed data and presentation is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner that presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the Town's funds over the last fiscal year.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is written to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Town

The Town of Angier, incorporated in 1901, is located in northeast Harnett County, approximately 21 miles from downtown Raleigh, the State Capital. Angier, the Town of Crepe Myrtles, is a town of quietness, security and tremendous opportunity for its residents. Despite the substantial growth in this area, Angier is still the kind of town where you know your neighbors. The Town covers approximately 3.12 square miles and has a population of 5,161.

The Town operates under a council-manager form of government. The governing body is comprised of a Mayor and a four-member Town Council, elected on a nonpartisan basis for staggered four-year terms. The Mayor is elected on an at large basis and the Council members are elected by ward. The Town Council has policy-making and legislative authority and is responsible for the budget approval and appointment of the Town Manager, Town Attorney and Town Clerk. The Town Manager is responsible for implementing Council policies and Town Ordinances, managing daily operations and appointing department directors.

Angier is a *full service* town providing police, water distribution, sanitary sewer collection, street maintenance including curbs, gutters, sidewalks and other infrastructure, recreation and cultural activities, engineering, household sanitation services including recycling, planning and community development, code compliance and general administration, finance and human resources. Additionally Angier and Harnett County have formed collaborative partnerships to provide several services including economic development, inspections, code enforcement, fire marshal services, E-911 emergency services, tax billing and collections, and election board services. This report includes all of the Town's activities in delivering and administering these services.

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Accounting System and Budgetary Control

The diverse nature of governmental operations and the necessity of assuring legal compliance preclude recording and summarizing all governmental financial transactions and balances in a single accounting entity. Therefore, from an accounting and financial management viewpoint, a governmental unit is a combination of several distinctly different fiscal and accounting entities, each having a separate set of accounts and functioning independently of each other. Each accounting entity is accounted for in a separate "fund".

A fund is defined as a fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The Town's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the Town's utilities and other enterprises are reported on the accrual basis.

The Town's accounting system is organized and operated on a "fund" basis and each fund is classified in one of two categories and further identified as one of five major types of funds:

Classification	Fund Type	
Governmental Funds	General	
Governmental Funds	Special Revenue	
Governmental Funds	Capital Project	
Proprietary Funds	Capital Project	
Proprietary Funds	Enterprise	
Proprietary Funds	Capital Reserve	

Governmental Funds: These funds are, in essence, accounting segregations of financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used; current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they are to be paid; and the differences between governmental fund assets and liabilities, the fund equity, is referred to as "Fund Balance". The primary measurement focus is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position, which is supported by the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. It may be supported or supplemented by more detailed schedules of revenues, expenditures, transfers, and other changes in fund balance.

Proprietary Funds: These funds are sometimes referred to as "income determination", "nonexpendable", or "commercial type" funds and are used to account for a government's on-going organizations and activities, which are similar to those often found in the private sector. All assets, liabilities, equities, revenues, expenses, and transfers relating to the government's business and quasi business activities - where net income and capital maintenance are measured - are accounted for through proprietary funds.

The generally accepted accounting principles here are those applicable to similar businesses in the private sector, and the measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position.

<u>Budgetary Control</u>: The Town's financial management software provides the information for effective fiscal management. Through utilization of budgetary accounting methods, effective budgetary control and accountability can be maintained. The Annual Budget, which is adopted for legal control at the functional level but controlled at the department level, authorizes and provides the basis for the Town's financial management. The total adopted appropriations constitute the maximum expenditure authorization during the fiscal year and can only be amended by action of the Town Council. Expenditures are controlled at the department level for all General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Enterprise funds.

Budgetary control is maintained at this level by the encumbrance of purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors. Purchase orders, which would result in an overrun of departmental operating balances, are not released until additional appropriations are made available.

Open encumbrances at June 30, 2017, are treated as commitments, rather than expenditures, and such encumbered funds are appropriated for expenditure in fiscal year 2017-2018.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The Town of Angier boasts an excellent quality of life. We are a progressive and friendly community that offers small-town living, plus all of the benefits of being in close proximity to metropolitan areas of Raleigh, Durham, Chapel Hill and Research Triangle Part (RTP) and nearby North Carolina State University, Duke University, and the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill. Our great location, affordable land and outstanding workforce make Angier one of the best places in the region to begin or expand a business or industry.

Southwest of Angier, we have Campbell University. The main campus is located in Buies Creek with a law school located in Raleigh. Founded in 1887, the University is the second largest private four-year university in North Carolina and is composed of more than 6,800 students. The university is a private, co-educational university with Baptist roots that offers more than 150 majors, tracks, and concentrations in the liberal arts, sciences, and professions. The University offers professional degrees in law, pharmacology and health sciences, business, education and divinity as well as a wide variety of undergraduate degrees. Campbell has opened the College of Osteopathic Medicine, the first of its kind in North Carolina. Additional health science programs have also been introduced, including the Physician Assistant Program, Master of Public Health and plans for a Doctor of Physical Therapy degree program. This will greatly enhance medical training in the region and state.

Over the past few years, the Board has focused much attention on ensuring the long-term financial viability of the Town and maintaining the capital infrastructure investment during this current economic environment. Due to the strength of the Town's economy in prior years, the Town has been able to sustain what it considers to be quality development. The results of these planning processes will aid in moving the Town toward its mission and vision.

The Town's Planning Department continues to see development requests as the wave of growth pushes towards Angier from Southern Wake County. During fiscal 2017-18, 321 single family home lots were approved in Angier's jurisdiction. Using the 2010 U.S. Census average of 2.58 persons per household, these lots alone represent an approximately 16% increase in Angier's total population upon build out. This new development will also continue to increase the overall property tax value for the Town in the coming years.

Long Term Financial Planning and Initiatives

The Town of Angier continues to prepare for the future through various initiatives that will enhance the services provided by the Town. Angier is recognized for its quality of life. Careful planning for growth has been based on values for an attractive community, a strong commitment to environmental protection, adequate public facilities in advance of growth and a variety of local recreational opportunities while maintaining a strong financial position. The Town Board has committed to key goals and initiatives.

The Town maintains fund balance sufficient to maintain consistent cash flow, generate interest income, eliminate the need for short term borrowings, and provides flexibility for unanticipated opportunities and needs during emergencies or disasters. In addition, fiscally responsible budgeting has been key in maintaining and improving the Town's outstanding Council rating of 80, which is equivalent to a rating of A3/A by national rating agencies.

Major Initiatives:

During the year, the Town was involved in several projects as directed by the Town Council and Town Manager. These projects are based on staff budget requests and Council's funding priorities. Upon budget approval, staff maintains and implements programs, policies and activities that support the achievement of the goals and initiatives, which reflect the Town's continued commitment to quality of life while maintaining its unique personality.

Financial Information:

Budget Control: In government, much more than in business, the budget is an integral part of a unit's accounting system and daily operations. The North Carolina General Statutes require all governmental units to adopt a balanced budget by July 1 of each year. The Town's budget ordinance, adopted by the Town Council, creates a legal limit on spending authorizations. Budgetary control is facilitated by the use of a requisition encumbrance and purchase order system that ensures the adequacy of funds prior to the placement of orders or the award of contracts.

Internal Control: The Town is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the town are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits to be derived, and the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. We believe that the Town's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

Other Information:

Independent Audit: The General Statutes of North Carolina require an annual independent financial audit of all local government units in the State. Cherry Bekaert, LLP has examined the financial records of the Town and their opinion has been included in this report. Their examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and, accordingly, included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures, as they considered necessary in the circumstances. The auditor's report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports related specifically to the single audit are included in the compliance section.

As a recipient of federal and state assistance, the Town is responsible for ensuring that adequate internal controls are in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. This internal control structure is subject to periodic evaluation by management.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Town of Angier for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. Angier has received this prestigious award since 2011. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. The Certificate is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments: This report is the work of the efficient and dedicated staff of the Finance Department. We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report and to the entire Town staff for their cooperation and assistance. Credit is also due to the mayor and the members of the Town Council for their unfailing support of the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Angier's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Gerald D. Vincent Town Manager

John W. Ellis, III Finance Officer

John W. Ellis III



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Angier North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Town of Angier

Members of Town Council

Lewis Weatherspoon Mayor

Mike Hill Loru Hawley Craig Honeycutt Robert K. Smith Commissioner Mayor Pro-Tem Commissioner

Appointed and Administrative Staff

Gerald D. Vincent Veronica Hardaway Dan Hartzog, Jr.
Town Manager Town Clerk Town Attorney

John W. Ellis, III Henry Cook Sean Johnson
Finance Director Public Works Director Planning Director

Arthur Yarbrough Derek McLean Amanda Davis
Interim Chief of Police Parks & Rec. Director Library Director

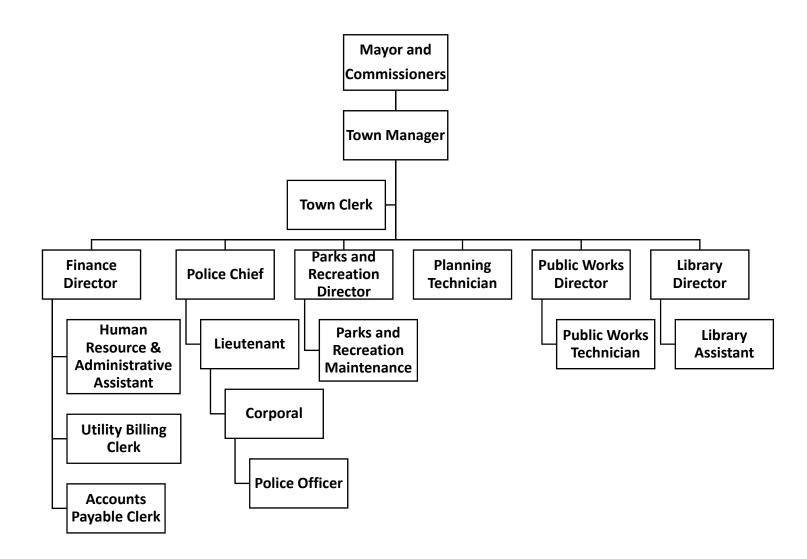
Planning Board Members

Chris Wagner Christina Kazakavage George Price Jr.

Everett Blake III Lee Marshall Jonathan Bridges

Chris Hughes

The Town of ngier



The History of Angier

Angier, the Town of Crepe Myrtles, is a town of quietness, security and tremendous opportunity for its residents. Despite the substantial growth in this area, Angier is still the kind of town where you know your neighbors.



1834-1912

J.C. Williams, who grew up in the area that is now Angier, is credited with being the "Father" of the town. "Jake" was one of the eight children of Jacob Williams, and often called Jake-of-all. His ancestry has been traced all the way 'pack to the sixteenth century to the Isle of Wales, Scotland.

Jacob Calvin (Jake) married Nancy Norris of the Holly Springs section of Wake County and settled down to farm. He acquired a considerable amount of land. The first Harnett County Census in 1860 listed his holdings at 1300 acres. When the War between the States broke out in April 1861, the Williams men put down plows and picked up guns to defend their homes. Jake

served with Clingman's Brigade, Hokes Division, Company C, 3 1 st North Carolina Regiment. Records show that Jake was captured in 1864 and served time at Ft. Deleware.



Nancy E. Norris Williams 1835-1903

After his release, Jake returned home to rebuild his life. In 1872 he bought seven hundred and fifty acres of land for \$3,000.00 from A.D. Cutts. The town of Angier is now located on some of that land. He and Nancy settled down on what is now North Broad Street. There they raised seven sons.

It was Jake Williams' farm that the railroad, which put Angier on the map, was built in 1899. The railroad was little more than a tramway leading from Apex, in Wake County, to the Jake Williams' farm in Harnett County. It was first known and chartered as the Cape Fear and Northern Railroad; later, about 1906, the line was extended to Durham and the name changed to the Durham and Southern.



The purpose of the railroad was to haul lumber and logs. The area around Angier had a vast sweep of fine saw timber, from short and long straw pines. The trees had been bled by the turpentine workers, leaving long stems of southern pine ready to be cut and sawed into lumber. When the turpentine business came to an end, workers and their families moved south to find un-bled timber; and a new era began. A new way of making a living and supporting a family began-saw milling. No longer was the ox cart and mule-drawn wagon efficient to move lumber and logs. Now the building of the railroad was hailed as a step forward. Farming was becoming more important; growing cotton and tobacco took the place of sawmill work as that era came to a close.



Jonathan Cicero Angier 1857-1911

The late Col. John C. Angier married the niece of the late Washington Duke whose "golden leaf' had found its way north after the war. The demand for more tobacco is said to have been the impetus for Mr. Duke and his sons to establish the American Tobacco Company.

Col. Angier owned and operated a lumber plant in Cary and decided to build a railroad down along the pine ridge from Apex to Harnett County. Supposedly with the backing of the Dukes, he built a railroad to the farm of Jake Williams where a "Y" was also built for turning the engine around. In time, a station house was erected for the train crew to stay at night and daily round trips were made to Apex.

Jake and his son Benton operated a general store and a turpentine distillery. Goods were transported to and from Raleigh or Dunn by two or four-horse wagons. The coming of the railroad was a boon to farmers, merchants and lumbermen.

After much discussion and numerous suggestions, the station house was named Angier to honor Johnathan C. Angier who played a major part in bringing the railroad to the area.

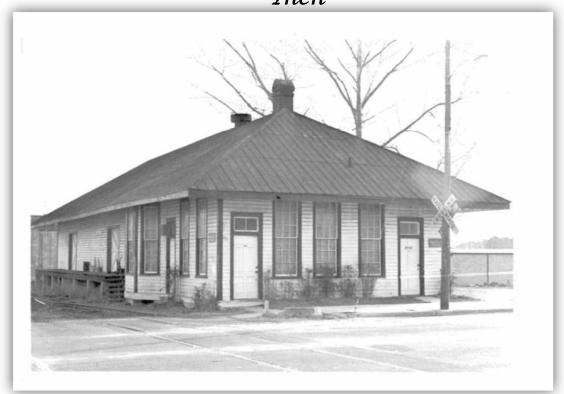
In July 1899, Jake Williams secured a noted surveyor, Daniel E. Green, to map and plot the land surrounding his home and the newly erected depot. Streets were laid off and named and Angier had its beginnings. By act of the North Carolina Legislature of 1901 the town received its charter.

During the 1930's, The Angier Woman's Club undertook a project to have crepe myrtles planted on roadsides leading into town from all directions. The trees make a spectacular show during June, July and August. The town chose "The Town of the Crepe Myrtles" as its slogan. Every year a Crepe Myrtle Festival is held in September with food, crafts and entertainment for all.

The Durham and Southern railroad which had run through the center of town since 1899, had its last run from Apex to Dunn on July 5, 1979. No longer was the railroad the cheapest way to transport goods to and from the industries of Angier and was no longer realizing a profit. Mayor Jack Marley and other town officials requested that railroad officials donate to the town the depot and the one hundred foot right of way within town limits. That was done and so ended another era.

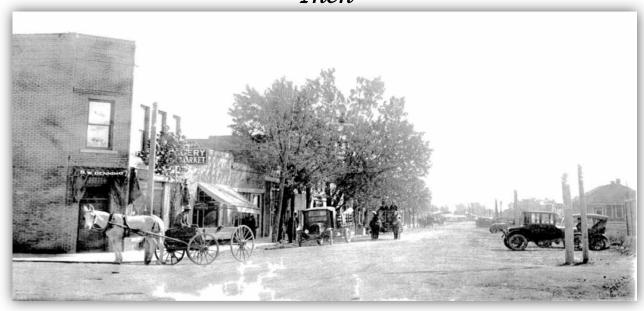
Today Angier is one of the fastest growing areas in Harnett County; it has been called the bedroom of the Research Triangle Park. Angier is located twenty miles south of Raleigh, nine miles north of Lillington, the Harnett County seat, and ten miles west of Interstate 40, on NC 210.

Then





Then





Then



Now



TOWN OF ANGIER

FINANCIAL SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Angier Angier, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Angier, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Town of Angier Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "Board"). Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the Board, is based solely on the report of another auditor. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. The financial statements of the Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Town's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 14 to the basic financial statements, the Town adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. As a result, net position as of June 30, 2017 has been restated. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and the Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a required part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other schedules and the statistical section as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and other schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures performed as described above the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and the statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 25, 2019 on our consideration of Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants agreements, and other matters. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Town's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Raleigh, North Carolina February 25, 2019

Chuny Belaut LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

As management of the Town of Angier, we offer readers of the Town of Angier's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Angier for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is an opportunity for management to proactively address any issues that might be affecting the unit's financial status or questions that might be posed by readers of the financial statements. A thoughtful discussion and analysis of economic, financial, or budgetary factors that might influence the unit should be presented.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the Town of Angier exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by approximately \$18,375,595.
- The government's total net position, excluding the restatement, increased by \$157,855. Increase in governmental activities amounts to \$123,596 and increase in the enterprise type activities amounts to \$34,259. As a result of this increase, there have been some positive signs of the economy improving in our Town as well as Management instructing staff to curtail spending to aid in the improvement of the Town's financial condition.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Angier's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$4,155,068 an increase of \$176,235 in comparison with the prior year excluding restatement. Approximately 17.0 percent of this total amount, or \$706,216 is non spendable or restricted and committed.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$3,292,165 or 83.8 percent of total general fund expenditures, for the fiscal year.
- At June 30, 2018, the Town of Angier's total debt was \$5,689,725. Decrease of the Town's debt was the result of timely debt service payments.
- The Town of Angier has a Municipal Council Rating of 80 which is equivalent to a rating of A3/A by the national rating agencies. This rating is considered an investment grade rating and average or better than average for a town of Angier's population.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 15-16) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements start on page 17. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Reporting the Town as a Whole

Our analysis of the Town as a whole begins on page 6. One of the most important questions asked about the Town's finances is, "Is the Town as a whole better or worse as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

These two statements report the Town's net financial position and changes in them. Readers are encouraged to think of the Town's net position—the difference between assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—as one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader must also consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the Town into three kinds of activities:

- Governmental activities—Most of the Town's basic services are reported here, including the general
 administration, police, fire, public services, and parks and recreation departments. Property taxes, sales
 and use taxes, intergovernmental revenues (utility franchise taxes, Powell Bill, etc.), along with various
 Federal and State grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The Town charges a fee to customers to help it cover all or most of the cost of
 certain services it provides. The Town's utility systems (water, sewer, and storm water) and other
 business-type activities are reported here.
- Component units—The Town includes one separate legal entity in its report—the Town of Angier ABC Board. Although legally separate, this "component unit" is important because the Town appoints the board. The Town is not financially accountable for them, even though net profits are distributed to the Town.

Reporting the Town's Most Significant Funds

Our analysis of the Town's major funds begins on page 11. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. The Town's two types of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different methods of accounting.

Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds—When the Town charges customers for the services it provides—whether to outside customers or to other units of the Town—these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services to the Town's other programs and activities—such as the Town's fleet services operations.

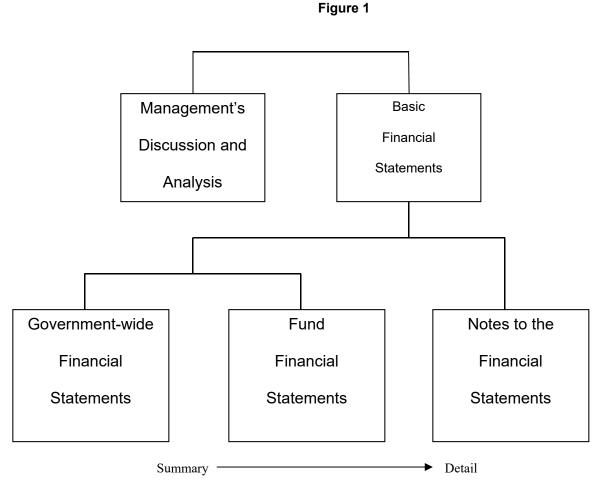
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

THE TOWN AS A WHOLE AND GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, are presented in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board statement ("GASB") No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments.

Required Components of Annual Financial Report



Net Position

The Town's combined net position increased by \$157,855, or .87 percent, to \$18,375,595 in 2018 from \$18,217,740 after restatement in 2017. Given that the prior year's change also saw an increase of \$81,566 (.45 percent), it is a testament to Town Board's fiscal policies, priority-based budgeting, and prudent fiscal management throughout a prolonged economic recession/recovery that the Town emerges now as a stronger and leaner local government. Our analysis below focuses on the net financial position (Table 1), and changes in net position (Table 2) of the Town's governmental and business-type activities.

The net position for governmental activities of \$8,113,639 increased by \$123,596 compared to the prior fiscal year excluding restatement. We believe this results from a combination of several factors that contributed to the improving fiscal health of the government.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Town of Angier's Statement of Net Position Table 1

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business- Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017		
Current and other assets	\$ 4,287,462	\$4,116,314.00	\$ 4,713,485	\$ 5,711,917	\$ 9,000,947	\$ 9,828,231		
Capital assets	5,008,441	5,174,910	11,157,229	10,285,797	16,165,670	15,460,707		
Total assets	9,295,903	9,291,224	15,870,714	15,997,714	25,166,617	25,288,938		
Deferred outflows of resources	221,977	328,458	68,040	102,856	290,017	431,314		
Long-term liabilities outstanding	1,110,657	1,274,733	5,172,713	5,430,273	6,283,370	6,705,006		
Other liabilities	261,532	302,036	495,353	421,140	756,885	723,176		
Total liabilities	1,372,189	1,576,769	5,668,066	5,851,413	7,040,255	7,428,182		
Deferred inflows of resources	32,052	22,321	8,732	5,424	40,784	27,745		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets	4,547,565	4,571,391	5,928,380	4,840,017	10,475,945	9,411,408		
Restricted	651,782	721,605	-	-	651,782	721,605		
Unrestricted	2,914,292	2,727,596	4,333,576	5,403,716	7,247,868	8,131,312		
Total net position	\$ 8,113,639	\$ 8,020,592	\$ 10,261,956	\$ 10,243,733	\$ 18,375,595	\$ 18,264,325		

The net position of our business-type activities increased slightly in 2018 compared to 2017 after restatement, to \$10,261,956 from \$10,243,733, respectively. Revenues were higher than the previous year as the result of greater fees for services collected; however, expenses also rose, as a result.

Unrestricted net position in governmental activities—the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements—increased 7 percent to \$2,914,292 in 2018 from \$2,727,596 in 2017. The Town will use the unrestricted net position to meet future budget needs and any potential deficits. These balances are also used as a tool to leverage the need for future tax increases. The net position of the Town has remained stable even though the demand for current and enhanced services continues to rise, as the population grows.

Revenues and Expenses

The Town's total revenues (excluding transfers and special items) increased \$715,050, or 12.1 percent, in 2018 over the previous fiscal year. In governmental activities, both program and general revenues grew; however, a significant gain from the sale of surplus property accounted for almost half the total increase. Business-type activities experienced strong increases in all program revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Town of Angier's Changes in Net Position Table 2

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business- Ty	pe Activities	To	otal
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017
Revenues:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services Operating grants and c	\$ 507,302	\$ 460,976	\$ 2,083,879	\$ 1,916,286	\$ 2,591,181	\$ 2,377,262
ontributions Capital grants and	171,347	228,786	384,156	251,707	555,503	480,493
contributions	61,638	121,132	-	-	61,638	121,132
General Revenues:						
Property Taxes	1,868,053	1,784,595	-	-	1,868,053	1,784,595
Other Taxes	17,199	20,183	-	-	17,199	20,183
Grants and contributions not						
restricted to specific programs	1,150,857	1,102,110	-	-	1,150,857	1,102,110
Other	376,118	19,869	3,584	3,439	379,702	23,308
Total Revenues	4,152,514	3,737,651	2,471,619	2,171,432	6,624,133	5,909,083
Expenses:						
General government	935,986	962,349	-	_	935,986	962,349
Public Safety	1,062,183	1,076,873	-	-	1,062,183	1,076,873
Transportation	1,057,187	749,548	-	-	1,057,187	749,548
Economic Development	112,089	109,617	-	-	112,089	109,617
Library	157,030	143,550	-	-	157,030	143,550
Cultural and Recreation	686,130	425,080	-	-	686,130	425,080
Interest on long-term debt	18,313	22,285	-	-	18,313	22,285
Water and Sew er			2,437,360	2,301,460	2,437,360	2,301,460
Total Expenses	4,028,918	3,489,302	2,437,360	2,301,460	6,466,278	5,790,762
Increase in net position	123,596	248,349	34,259	(130,028)	157,855	118,321
Net position, beginning, previously				, ,		
reported	8,020,592	7,772,243	10,243,733	10,373,761	18,264,325	18,146,004
Cumulative effect of change in	(20.050)		(40,000)		/FF 005\	
accounting principle	(39,259)	-	(16,036)	-	(55,295)	-
Restatement	8,710	7.770.010	- 40.007.007	- 10.070.701	8,710	- 40.440.634
Net Position, beginning restated	7,990,043	7,772,243	10,227,697	10,373,761	18,217,740	18,146,004
Net position, June 30	\$ 8,113,639	\$ 8,020,592	\$ 10,261,956	\$ 10,243,733	\$ 18,375,595	\$ 18,264,325

The total cost of all programs and services increased \$675,516 in 2018, or 11.7 percent over 2017, which mirrors the increase in revenues. The Town moderated the increased demands for services and the resulting cost to Town operations in continued response to the protracted economic recovery, but there were also budgeted increases for transportation and recreation service costs, due to street resurfacing needs and completion of the new parks and recreation office building.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Several aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted government net position. These are highlighted as follows:

- Current year ad valorem tax revenue in 2018 increased \$71,849 over 2017. The collection rate of billed levies continued to exceed 99 percent.
- Intergovernmental revenue collected and distributed by the State of North Carolina remained relatively constant year to year, except for sales tax, which declined by \$42,213 in 2018. No disaster relief reimbursements were received in 2018.
- Revenue from the Angier ABC Board increased approximately \$8,800 in 2018.
- Building permit revenue in the Town's governmental activities increased \$32,391 over the past fiscal year. Related planning fees and permits also grew by \$5.874.
- Donations for constructing the Angier Depot Community Center stage in 2018 exceeded \$39,000.
- Interest earned on governmental activities investments increased \$19,426 in 2018.
- The change in net position for business-type operations increased in 2018 by \$164,287 over 2017 with expanded growth balanced against increased expenditures. Harnett County sells water to the Town and also treats the Town's wastewater. During FY 2017-2018 the Town purchased 166,838,072 gallons of water from Harnett County compared to 187,283,880 gallons in FY 2016-2017, which resulted in a decrease in water expense of \$61,651 over the prior fiscal year. Harnett County treated 150,989,864 metered gallons of wastewater during FY 2017-2018 compared to 158,583,189 metered gallons during FY 2016-2017, which resulted in a decrease of \$20,758 paid for the treatment of wastewater.
- The Town is billed for every gallon of wastewater that Harnett County treats. However, the Town charges its customers only for usage. Usage in FY 2017-2018 was 114,678,916 gallons charged vs. 150,989,864 gallons billed. In FY 2016-2017, usage was 111,175,090 gallons charged vs. 158,583,189 gallons billed.
- The Town spent \$144,421 on radio read meters in FY 2017-2018, in keeping with its ongoing commitment to updating and streamlining water and sewer utility operations.

Governmental Activities

The total cost of all governmental activities this year increased by \$539,616. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 16, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately finance for these activities through Town taxes was \$3,288,631, an increase of \$610,223 from the prior year. Much of the cost is paid by those who directly benefit from the programs or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions. The Town paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of governmental activities with sales tax, other taxes, and other general revenues.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Town of Angier's Governmental Activities Table 3

	To	otal Cost of Services	 let Cost of Services
General Government	\$	935,986	\$ 935,986
Public Safety		1,062,183	1,044,336
Transportation		1,057,187	509,646
Economic and Physical Development		112,089	8,171
Cultural and Recreation		686,130	627,080
Library		157,030	145,099
Interest on Long-Term Debt		18,313	 18,313
Total	\$	4,028,918	\$ 3,288,631

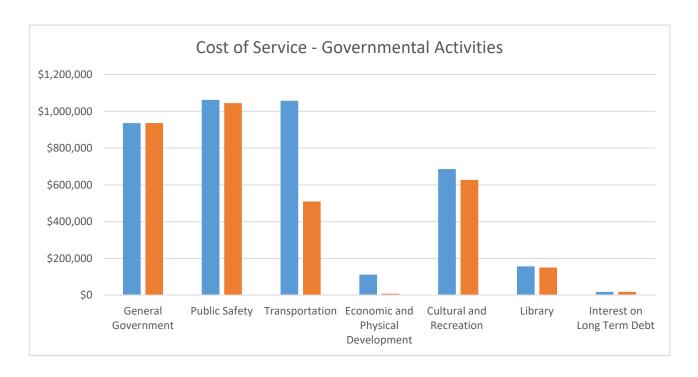


Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's programs—general government, public safety, transportation, economic and physical development, cultural and recreation and library—as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Business-type activities

Charges for services of the Town's business-type activities (see Exhibit 2) increased 8.7 percent over the past fiscal year: \$1,916,286 in 2017 compared to \$2,083,879 in 2018. This increase is matched by a similar increase in consumption. Operating grants and contributions increased 52.6 percent.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Town's Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Angier uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements.

Governmental Fund – The focus of the Town of Angier's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Angier's financing requirements.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Angier. At the end of the current fiscal year, fund balance available in the General Fund was \$3,292,165, while total fund balance reached \$4,130,287. The Town currently has an available fund balance of 83.8 percent of General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 105.2 percent of the same amount.

At June 30, 2018, the governmental funds of Town of Angier reported a combined fund balance of \$4,155,068, a 4.7 percent increase from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights – During the fiscal year, the Town of Angier revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as Federal and State grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services. However, expenditures were held in check and the Town was able to comply with its budgetary requirements.

General Fund Revenues on the Governmental Fund Basis

		Percent of	(Decrease)
Revenue Sources	Actual Amount	Total	from 2017
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,870,712	49.1%	\$ 78,604
Other taxes and licenses	17,199	0.5%	(2,984)
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,178,395	30.9%	53,859
Restricted intergovernmental	153,804	4.0%	(120,318)
Permits and fees	453,864	11.9%	52,419
Sales and services	39,015	1.0%	(4,110)
Investment earnings	28,457	0.7%	22,446
Miscellaneous	69,998	1.8%	41,135
	\$ 3,811,444	100%	\$ 121,051

The most significant component in General Fund revenues remains property taxes. As a result of new construction in the Town, property taxes increased \$78,604 compared to the previous year. Also, permits and fees showed an increase over the previous year of \$52,419. In addition, unrestricted intergovernmental revenue which is made up largely of sales and use taxes and franchise taxes are showing a slight increase of \$53,859. The most significant changes in General Fund expenditures when compared to the previous fiscal year occurred in Public Safety, Powell Bill and Culture and Recreation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

General Fund Expenditures on the Governmental Fund Basis

Expenditure Sources	Ac	tual Amount	 rcent of Total	(D	ncrease Decrease) rom 2017
General government	\$	919,714	23.4%	\$	(68,923)
Public safety		1,066,030	27.1%		84,619
Transportation		636,814	16.2%		(63,508)
Pow ell Bill		294,388	7.5%		271,239
Economic and physical development		108,245	2.8%		3,357
Culture and recreation		585,924	14.9%		258,452
Library		151,813	3.9%		10,460
Debt service		163,939	 4.2%		(25,530)
	\$	3,926,867	100%	\$	470,166

Proprietary Funds – The Town of Angier's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail. Unrestricted net position of the Water and Sewer District at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$4,333,576. This represents a decrease of \$1,070,140 in unrestricted net position from the prior year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – The Town of Angier's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business–type activities as of June 30, 2018, totals \$16,165,670 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include land, buildings, roads, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

Governmental Activities:

•	Office system panel installation	\$6,258
•	Two (2) 2019 Dodge Chargers	61,686
•	John Deere Ztrak mower	6,976
•	Parks & Recreation Office Bldg	240,743
•	Parks & Recreation furniture and fixtures	4,989
•	Depot stage	51,178
•	Construction in progress:	
	Highway 210 Sidewalk Project	52,048

Business-Type Activities:

•	2018 Chevy Silverado	. \$	28,340
•	Trailer-mounted power vacuum		43,266
•	Trench box		6,645
•	Public works building addition		19,674
•	Public works furniture and fixtures		5,308
•	Rawls Church Road waterline extension		381,165
•	Flow meter outfall line		17,416
•	Trane 2-ton HVAC unit		12,417
•	Construction in Progress:		
	Wake County Elevated Water Tank		941,630

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following disposals:

Governmental Activities:

- Sale of 61 N. Raleigh, land and building......\$ (309,605)
- Surplus vehicles sold at auction......(65,312)

Business-Type Activities: None

Town of Angier's Capital Assets Figure 4

		Governmen	nmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total		
		2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
Land	\$	1,937,502	\$	2,057,107	\$	614,903	\$	614,903	\$	2,552,405	\$	2,672,010
Buildings		2,298,382		2,301,061		-		-		2,298,382		2,301,061
Construction in Progress		52,046		31,289		941,630		134,383		993,676		165,672
Plant & Distribution System		-		-		7,670,936		7,577,446		7,670,936		7,577,446
Vehicles/Heavy Equipment		141,908		177,038		212,711		202,762		354,619		379,800
Infrastructure		564,938		595,605		-		-		564,938		595,605
Furniture/Office Equipment		13,665		12,810		11,424		53		25,089		12,863
Intangible Assets	sets		-	1,705,625		1,756,250		1,705,625			1,756,250	
Total	\$	5,008,441	\$	5,174,910	\$	11,157,229	\$	10,285,797	\$	16,165,670	\$	15,460,707

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of the Basic Financial Statements.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2018, the Town of Angier had total debt in the amount of \$5,689,725, including general obligation bonds of \$794,213, installment purchases of \$1,973,512, and \$2,922,000 in revenue bonds, which are secured solely by specified revenue sources.

Town of Angier's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

	 Governmen	ivities	Business-Type Activities				Total				
Conoral obligation bonds	2018		2017		2018		2017		2018		2017
General obligation bonds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	794,213	\$	878,780	\$	794,213	\$	878,780
Installment purchases	460,876		603,519		1,512,636		1,600,000		1,973,512		2,203,519
Revenue bonds	 -		-		2,922,000		2,967,000		2,922,000		2,967,000
Total	\$ 460,876	\$	603,519	\$	5,228,849	\$	5,445,780	\$	5,689,725	\$	6,049,299

The Town of Angier's total debt decreased by \$359,574 during the past fiscal year.

North Carolina General Statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to eight (8) percent of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for Town of Angier is \$21,017,632.

Additional information on the Town's long-term debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements on pages 51-55 of the report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2018

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2018-2019 budget and tax rates that support the governmental activities and fees that will be charged for the business-type activities.

In adopting the Annual Budget for fiscal year 2018-2019, the Town realized that there will always be challenges. The Town is the leading catalyst responsible for initiating and delivering on three very broadly defined community, neighborhood and economic quality of life goals:

- Create, guide, and sustain Angier as being a livable, safe, and prosperous community
- Add competitive value and quality to the services and programs provided to our citizens, businesses and
 visitors through prudent and accountable financial stewardship, expanding public-private partnerships
 and importantly, trusting and empowering employees to improve productivity and increase innovation
 and
- Seek out and create opportunities for the Town to grow while keeping the desire of our citizens to have a high level of quality services with minimum staffing and low taxes/utility rates.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities: The revenues budgeted for FY 2018-2019 are in keeping with the FY 2017-2018 budget with two notable exceptions, which decreased the expected totals. The 2017-2018 budget includes the sale of surplus property, which will not occur in 2018-2019; and planned appropriations of the fund balance are significantly less in 2018-2019 than they were budgeted in 2017-2018. Correspondingly, budgeted expenditures in the General Fund for FY 2018-2019 year decreased by \$384,694, or 9.7 percent, over the FY 2017-2018 budget.

The Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures item of Fund Balance for the General Fund represents amounts that have been appropriated for the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2019 from Fund Balance. The amount for this designation in the financial statements is \$156,687 and is made up of \$77,539 that was used for the initial 2018-19 fiscal year budget, \$8,500 for the acquisition of property and related costs in the downtown area, and \$70,648 for several changes for the General Fund.

Business – Type Activities: The Utility Fund Annual Budget for FY 2018-2019 decreased by \$339,567, or 12.2 percent, over the FY 2017-2018 budget.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town's finances for those with an interest in this area. You can also visit our website at www.Angier.org. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to:

Town of Angier Director of Finance PO Box 278 Angier NC, 27501 (919)639-2071 jellis@angier.org

TOWN OF ANGIER

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental	Primary Governmen Business-Type	Town of Angier			
	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board		
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total	ABC Board		
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,610,937	\$ 3,503,110	\$ 7,114,047	\$ 326,499		
Taxes receivables (net)	15,391	-	15,391	-		
Accrued interest receivable on taxes	5,284	-	5,284	-		
Accounts receivable (net)	107,708	292,225	399,933	-		
Due from other governments	292,570	-	292,570	-		
Due from component units	69,150	-	69,150	-		
Inventories	-	-	4 000	202,030		
Prepaid items	1,339	-	1,339	-		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	185,083	·	185,083			
Total current assets	4,287,462	3,795,335	8,082,797	528,529		
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted assets:			0.40.4=0			
Cash and cash equivalents	-	918,150	918,150	-		
Capital assets (Note 1):						
Land, non-depreciable improvements,						
and construction in progress	1,989,548	1,556,533	3,546,081	252,000		
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	3,018,893	9,600,696	12,619,589	588,533		
Total capital assets	5,008,441	11,157,229	16,165,670	840,533		
Total assets	9,295,903	15,870,714	25,166,617	1,369,062		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pension deferrals	221,977	68,040	290,017	19,155		
Total deferred outflow of resources	221,977	68,040	290,017	19,155		
LIADULTIES			_ !			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	111,720	147,866	259,586	199,786		
Distributions payable	111,720	147,000	200,000	5,136		
Accrued Interest	15,021	13,024	28,045	-		
Customer deposits	-	106,381	106,381	-		
Due to primary government	-	-	-	69,150		
Current portion of long-term liabilities	134,791	228,082	362,873	78,049		
Total current liabilities	261,532	495,353	756,885	352,121		
Long-term liabilities:						
Net pension liability - LGERS	282,977	88,718	371,695	18,638		
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	193,256	· -	193,256	· -		
Total OPEB liability	200,426	63,293	263,719	-		
Due in more than one year	433,998	5,020,702	5,454,700	245,466		
Total liabilities	1,372,189	5,668,066	7,040,255	616,225		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
OPEB deferrals	11,559	3,650	15,209	-		
Pension deferrals	20,493	5,082	25,575	528		
Total deferred inflows of resources	32,052	8,732	40,784	528		
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	4,547,565	5,928,380	10,475,945	517,018		
Restricted for:	.,,	-,,-00	-,,- 10	2,2.0		
Stabilization by State Statute	470,768	-	470,768	-		
Streets	150,868	-	150,868	-		
Public Works	15,191	-	15,191	-		
Public Safety	14,955	-	14,955	63,521		
Unrestricted	2,914,292	4,333,576	7,247,868	190,925		
Total net position	\$ 8,113,639	\$ 10,261,956	\$ 18,375,595	\$ 771,464		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Posi						sition		
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total		Town of Angier ABC Board	
Primary government:																
Governmental Activities: General government	\$	935,986	\$		\$		\$		\$	(935,986)	\$		\$ (93	5,986)	¢.	
Public safety	φ	1,062,183	Φ	7,435	Φ	10,412	Φ	-	φ	(1,044,336)	φ	-		4,336)	φ	-
Transportation		1,057,187		342,511		143,392		61,638		(509,646)		_	•	9,646)		_
Economic and physical		1,007,107		342,311		140,002		01,000		(303,040)		_	(50.	3,040)		_
development		112,089		103,918		_		_		(8,171)		_	(8,171)		_
Library		157,030		6,388		5,543		_		(145,099)		_	,	5,099)		_
Cultural and recreation		686,130		47,050		12,000		_		(627,080)		_		7,080)		_
Interest on long-term debt		18,313		-		-		_		(18,313)		_	•	8,313)		_
Total governmental								-		(-,,				-,,		
activities (See Note 1)		4,028,918		507,302		171,347		61,638		(3,288,631)		_	(3.28	8,631)		_
		1,020,010		001,002	-	,		0.,000		(0,200,001)			(0,20	0,00.,		
Business-Type Activities:																
Water and sewer		2,437,360		2,083,879		384,156		-		-		30,675	30	0,675		-
Total business-type activities		2,437,360		2,083,879		384,156		-				30,675	30	0,675		_
Total primary government	\$	6,466,278	\$	2,591,181	\$	555,503	\$	61,638		(3,288,631)		30,675	(3,25	7,956)		_
Component Unit:	_		_		_		_									
ABC Board	\$	2,000,553	\$	2,139,571	\$	-	\$									139,018
Total component unit	\$	2,000,553	\$	2,139,571	\$	-	\$	-								139,018
	Gene Tax	eral Revenues: kes:														
	Р	Property taxes,	levied	for general purp	oose					1,868,053		-	1,86	8,053		-
	C	Other taxes								17,199		-		7,199		-
	Gra	ants and contrib	oution	s not restricted t	o specif	fic programs				1,150,857		-	,	0,857		-
		restricted inves								28,461		3,584		2,045		302
		in (loss) on sale	e of as	ssets						282,064		-		2,064		-
	Mis	cellaneous								65,593			6	5,593		
		Total general	reven	ues and transfe	rs					3,412,227		3,584	3,41	5,811		302
	Chan	ge in net asset	S							123,596		34,259	15	7,855		139,320
	Net p	osition, beginn	ing, p	reviously reporte	ed					8,020,592		10,243,733	18,26	4,325		632,144
	Posts	atement	•							8,710		-		8,710		-
	1/6216															
		atement								(39,259)		(16,036)	(5	5,295)		
	Resta	atement Position, beginn	ing, re	estated						(39,259) 7,990,043		(16,036)	18,21			632,144

BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Ge	eneral Fund	N	onmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,610,937	\$	-	\$	3,610,937
Restricted Cash Receivables, net:		156,233		28,850		185,083
Taxes		15,391		_		15,391
Accounts		107,708		-		107,708
Prepaids		1,339		-		1,339
Due from other governments		292,570		-		292,570
Due from component unit		69,150		-		69,150
Total assets	\$	4,253,328	\$	28,850	\$	4,282,178
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	107,651	\$	4,069	\$	111,720
Total liabilities		107,651		4,069		111,720
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Property taxes receivable		15,390		-		15,390
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,390			•	15,390
Fund balances: Non Spendable:		-,				-,
Prepaids Restricted:		1,339		-		1,339
Public Safety		14,955		-		14,955
Stabilization by State Statute		470,768		-		470,768
Streets		141,278		9,590		150,868
Public Works Committed:		-		15,191		15,191
LEO Special Separation Allowance Assigned:		53,095		-		53,095
Subsequent year's expenditures		156,687		-		156,687
Unassigned		3,292,165			-	3,292,165
Total fund balances		4,130,287	-	24,781		4,155,068
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	4,253,328	\$	28,850		
Amounts reported for governmental activities	in the st	atement of net p	osition (E	Exhibit 1) are		
Capital assets used in governmental activit therefore, are not reported in the funds.	ies are r	not financial reso	urces and	d,		
Gross capital assets at historical cost			\$	8,245,683		
Accumulated depreciation				(3,237,242)		5,008,441
Deferred outflows of resources related to po	ensions	are not reported	in the fur	nds		221,977
Other long-term assets (accrued interest re pay for current-period expenditures and, t						5,284
Earned revenues considered deferred inflo	ws of res	sources in fund s	tatement	s.		15,390
Long-term liabilities used in governmental a therefore, are not reported in the funds:	activities	are not financial	uses an	d,		
Gross long-term debt				(583,810)		
Net pension liability - LGERS				(282,977)		
Total OPEB liability Total pension liability - LEOSSA				(200,426) (193,256)		(1,260,469)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEI	B are no	t reported in the	funds			(11,559)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensi	ons are	not reported in the	ne funds			(20,493)
		•		nental activities	\$	8,113,639
		•	-		-	

EXHIBIT 4

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Ge	neral Fund		Nonmajor Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,870,712	\$	-	\$	1,870,712
Other taxes and licenses		17,199		-		17,199
Unrestricted intergovernmental		1,178,395		-		1,178,395
Restricted intergovernmental		153,804		61,638		215,442
Permits and fees		453,864		-		453,864
Sales and services		39,015		-		39,015
Investment earnings		28,457		4		28,461
Miscellaneous		69,998				69,998
Total revenues		3,811,444		61,642		3,873,086
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		919,714		-		919,714
Public safety		1,066,030		-		1,066,030
Transportation		636,814		-		636,814
Powell Bill		294,388		-		294,388
Economic and physical development		108,245		52,048		160,293
Culture and recreation		585,924		-		585,924
Library		151,813		-		151,813
Debt service:						
Principal		142,622		-		142,622
Interest and other charges		21,317	-			21,317
Total expenditures		3,926,867		52,048		3,978,915
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(115,423)		9,594		(105,829)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of capital assets		282,064				282,064
Total other financing sources (uses)		282,064				282,064
Net change in fund balance		166,641		9,594		176,235
Fund balances, beginning as previously reported		3,963,646		6,477		3,970,123
Prior period adjustment (Note 14)		-		8,710		8,710
Fund balances, beginning as restated		3,963,646		15,187		3,978,833
Fund balances, ending	\$	4,130,287	\$	24,781	\$	4,155,068

EXHIBIT 5

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 176,235
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized	392,587	
Depreciation expense for governmental assets	(304,472)	88,115
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins and outs, and donations) is to decreased net assets.		
Cost of capital assets disposed of	(374,917)	
Accumulated depreciation on capital assets disposed of	120,333	(254,584)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Change in unavailable revenue for tax revenues		(2,659)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Principal payments on long-term debt	142,643	
Decrease in accrued interest payable	3,004	145,647
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		
Compensated absences	30,091	
Other postemployment benefits OPEB expense	(17,913) (11,559)	
Net pension liability - LGERS	100,916	
Pension expense - LGERS	(114,101)	
Total pension liability - LEOSSA	(24,550)	(20.450)
Pension expense - LEOSSA	7,958	(29,158)
Total changes in net position of governmental activities		\$ 123,596

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

		General Fund			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,841,663	3 \$ 1,841,663	\$ 1,870,712	\$ 29,049	
Other taxes and licenses	14,000	14,000	17,199	3,199	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,023,150	1,028,150	1,178,395	150,245	
Restricted intergovernmental	142,500	144,550	153,804	9,254	
Permits and fees	370,500		453,864	67,064	
Sales and services	37,900	39,500	39,015	(485)	
Investment earnings	2,600	8,600	28,457	19,857	
Miscellaneous	15,500	65,596	69,998	4,402	
Total revenues	3,447,813	3,528,859	3,811,444	282,585	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	893,275		919,714	183,961	
Public safety	1,094,428	1,140,678	1,066,030	74,648	
Transportation:					
Streets & Highways	657,346	654,446	636,814	17,632	
Powell Bill	257,000	307,000	294,388	12,612	
Subtotal Transportation	914,346	961,446	931,202	30,244	
Economic and physical development Cultural and recreation:	111,492	117,042	108,245	8,797	
Parks and Recreation	508,946	521,040	528,669	(7,629)	
Depot	32,500		57,255	10,745	
Subtotal Cultural and recreation	541,446	589,040	585,924	3,116	
Library Debt service:	151,377	168,377	151,813	16,564	
Principal retirement	148,431	I 148,431	142,622	5,809	
Interest and other charges	22,000		21,317	683	
Total expenditures	3,876,795	'	3,926,867	323,822	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(428,982	2) (721,830)	(115,423)	606,407	
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from (to) other funds:					
Hwy 210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk Capital Project Fund		- (11,000)	-	11,000	
Installment purchase obligations issued	64,000	64,000	-	(64,000)	
Sale of capital assets	•	- 270,000	282,064	12,064	
Appropriation of fund balance	364,982		<u> </u>	(398,830)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	428,982	2 721,830	282,064	(439,766)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	\$	\$-	166,641	\$ 166,641	
Fund balances, beginning	=	_	3,963,646		
Fund balances, ending			\$ 4,130,287		
i una palances, enumy			φ 4,130,207		

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2018

	Water and Sewer Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,503,110
Accounts receivable (net) - billed Accounts receivable (net) - unbilled	182,768
· ,	109,457
Total current assets	3,795,335
Noncurrent assets:	
Restricted assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	918,150
Capital assets: Land and other non-depreciable assets	1,556,533
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	9,600,696
Capital assets (net)	11,157,229
Total assets	15,870,714
10141 400010	10,070,714
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension deferrals	68,040
Total deferred outflow of resources	68,040_
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued	447.000
liabilities Accrued interest payable	147,866 13,024
Customer deposits	106,381
Compensated absences - current	3,600
General obligation bonds payable - current	87,681
Installment purchases - current	89,801
Revenue bond payable - current	47,000
Total current liabilities	495,353
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Other postemployment benefits	63,293
Compensated absences	16,335
Net pension liability - LGERS	88,718
General obligation bonds payable - noncurrent (net) Installment purchases - noncurrent	706,532 1,422,835
Revenue bond payable - noncurrent	2,875,000
Total noncurrent liabilities	5,172,713
Total liabilities	5,668,066
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
OPEB deferrals	3,650
Pension deferrals	5,082
Total deferred inflows or resources	8,732
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,928,380
Unrestricted	4,333,576
Total net position	\$ 10,261,956

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water and Sewer Fund
Operating Revenues: Charges for services Water and sewer taps Other operating revenues	\$ 2,083,879 74,731 278,745
Total operating revenues	2,437,355
Operating Expenses: Water operations Sewer operations Water treatment and distribution Depreciation Total operating expenses	1,045,275 329,285 422,617 450,046 2,247,223
Operating income (loss)	190,132
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment earnings Rental revenue Interest and other charges Total nonoperating expenses	3,584 30,680 (190,137) (155,873)
Total income (loss) after contributions and transfers	34,259
Change in net position Total net position, previously reported Restatement Total net position, ending	34,259 10,243,733 (16,036) \$ 10,261,956

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Water and Sewer Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from customers	\$ 2,130,563
Cash paid for goods and services	(1,213,673)
Cash paid to or on behalf of employees for services	(515,720)
Customer deposits received Rental revenue	(112) 30,680
Other operating revenues	278,745
. •	
Net cash provided by operating activities	710,483
Cash flows from capital and related financing acitivities:	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,321,478)
Principal paid on bond maturities and equipment contracts	(216,931)
Interest paid on bond maturities and equipment contracts	(190,137)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,728,546)
Cash flows from investing actibities:	
Interest and dividends	3,584
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(1,014,479)
Balances, beginning	5,435,739
Balances, ending	\$ 4,421,260
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating	\$ 190,132
activities: Depreciation	450,046
Rental revenue	30,680
Changes in assets and liabilities:	30,000
Accounts receivable	(28,047)
Inventory	12,000
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	68,174
Customer deposits	(112)
Accrued vacation pay	(7,390)
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions	34,816
Net pension liability	(31,868)
Deferred inflows of resources for pensions	(342)
Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB	3,650
OPEB liability	(11,256)
Total adjustments	520,351
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 710,483
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities:	
Contributions of capital assets	\$ -

TOWN OF ANGIER

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Angier and its discretely presented component unit conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Angier is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and four-member council. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the Town and its component unit, a legally separate entity for which the Town is financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit presented below is reported in a separate column in the Town's financial statements in order to emphasize that it is legally separate from the Town.

Angier ABC Board

The members of the ABC Board's governing board are appointed by the Town. In addition, the ABC Board is required by State statute to distribute its surpluses to the General Fund of the Town. The ABC Board, which has a June 30 year-end, is presented as if it were a proprietary fund (discrete presentation). Complete financial statements for the ABC Board may be obtained from the entity's administrative offices at the Angier ABC Board, Angier, NC 27501.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements – The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category- governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, State grants, and various other taxes and licenses. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, and sanitation services.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Lillington/Willow/Roy Street Sidewalk Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for preliminary engineering, storm drainage and construction of curb and gutter with a 5' sidewalk along the aforementioned streets.

Hwy 210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of the Hwy210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk.

Angier Elementary Drainage Project Fund – This fund is used to account for drainage remediation on the Elementary School property.

Harnett County Arts Council Fund – This Special Revenue Fund that accounts for specific revenue source, NC Arts Council revenues, (other than expendable trusts or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Hwy 210/Park Street Sidewalk Extension Capital Project Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of the Hwy 210/Park Street Sidewalk Extension.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water & Sewer Fund – This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In Accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements – The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after year-end, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable for property other than motor vehicles are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the current year. Also, as of September 1, 2013, State law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, the State of North Carolina is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts. Property taxes are due when vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they are received. Uncollected taxes that were billed in periods prior to September 1, 2013 and for limited registration plates are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred inflows of resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the State at year-end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Sales taxes are considered a shared revenue for the Town of Angier because the tax is levied by Harnett County and then remitted to and distributed by the State. Most intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes are reported as general revenues rather than program revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal-year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds and at the project level for the multi-year funds. Project ordinances are adopted for the Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund or that change functional appropriations. All amendments must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several immaterial amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows or Resources, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town and of the ABC Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law (G.S. 159-31). The Town and the ABC Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town and the ABC Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law (G.S. 159-30(c)) authorizes the Town and the ABC Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States, obligations of the State of North Carolina, bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority, obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies, certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances, and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust ("NCCMT"). The Town's and the ABC Board's investments are reported at fair value. Non-participating interest earning contracts are accounted for at cost. The NCCMT- Government Portfolio, a SEC-registered (2a-7) external investment pool, is measured at amortized cost, which is the NCCMT's share price. The NCCMT- Term Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income and considers all cash and investments to be cash and cash equivalents. The ABC Board considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Governmental Activities:

Powell Bill funds are classified as restricted cash because they can be expended only for the purposes outlined in G.S. 136-41.1 through G.S. 136-41.4. Unexpended grant proceeds from Angier Elementary Drainage Project Funds are classified as restricted cash for Streets. Public Safety funds derived from forfeiture funds restricted for public safety and are classified as restricted cash. Revenue Bond reserve requirements are recorded as restricted cash in the Water and Sewer Fund. Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplies are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected. BB&T Escrow funds are restricted for the construction of the Elevated Water Tank.

General Fund:	
Streets	\$ 141,278
Public Safety	14,955
	156,233
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Streets	13,659
Public Works	15,191
	28,850
Total Governmental Funds	185,083
Business-Type Activities:	
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Customer deposits	106,381
Revenue Bond Reserve Requirements	111,332
Elevated Water Tank Project	700,437
Total Business-Type Activities	918,150

Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

Total Restricted Cash

In accordance with State law (G.S. 105-347 and G.S. 159-13(a)), the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2017.

1,103,233

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of the ABC Board are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out), which approximates market.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain cost and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Minimum capitalization costs are \$2,500. Donated capital assets received prior to June 15, 2015 are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. All other purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2003, consist of the road network and water and sewer system assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Useful Life
Buildings and improvements	20 years
Infrastructure	33-40 years
Computer Equipment	5 years
Computer Software	5 years
Furniture and Office Equipment	10 years
Maintenance and Construction Equipment	10 years
Medium and Heavy Motor Vehicles	5 years
Automobiles and Light Trucks	5 years

Property, plant, and equipment of the ABC Board are depreciated over their useful lives on a straight-line basis as follows:

	Useful Life
Building and improvements	5-40 years
Furniture, Fixtures & Equipment	3-10 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

8. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Town has several items that meets this criterion, contributions made to the pension plan in the 2018 fiscal year and other pension and Other postemployment benefits ("OPEB") deferrals. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Town has several items that meet the criterion for this category - prepaid taxes, property taxes receivable, and deferrals of pension and OPEB expense.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method that approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premiums or discount. Bond issuance costs, except for prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the reporting period in which they are incurred.

In fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

10. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town does not have any obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

11. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net Position in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as net invested in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of five classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Prepaid Expenses – portion of fund that is not an available resource because it represents funds used to pay health insurance in advance.

Restricted Fund Balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State Statute – portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute (G.S. 159-8(a)).

Restricted for Streets – Powell Bill portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for street construction and maintenance expenditures. Also unexpended funds received by Harnett County Board of Education restricted for the Angier Elementary Drainage project. This amount represents the balance of the unexpended balances of these funds.

Restricted for Public Safety – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain public safety expenditures.

Restricted for Public Works – portion of fund balance that is restricted by revenue source for certain public works expenditures.

Committed Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of Town of Angier's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). The governing body can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Committed for LEO Pension Obligation – portion of fund balance that will be used for the Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1—Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – portion of fund balance that Town of Angier intends to use for specific purposes imposed by majority vote by quorum of the Town of Angier's governing body (highest level of decision-making authority). Any changes or removal requires majority action by the governing body.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted or committed. The governing body approves the appropriation.

Unassigned Fund Balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Town of Angier has a revenue spending policy that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-town funds, town funds. For purposes of fund balance classification expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Town.

12. Defined Benefit Cost-Sharing Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Local Government Employees' Retirement System ("LGERS") and additions to/deductions from LGERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LGERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Town of Angier's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Town of Angier has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of LGERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the expenditures made in the Water and Sewer Fund for debt service and in the General Fund for parks and recreation exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$23,332, and \$7,629 respectively.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 2—Deposits and investments

A. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town and the ABC Board are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's or the ABC Board's agents in these units' names. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town and the ABC Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's and the ABC Board's agents in their names. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town, the ABC Board, or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town or the ABC Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization. This risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G. S. 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured. The ABC Board has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2018, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$5,665,317 and a bank balance of \$5,754,604. The carrying amount of deposits for the ABC Board was \$325,699 and the bank balance was \$298,168. At June 30, 2018, the Town's petty cash fund was \$260.

Of the Town's bank balance, \$750,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$5,004,604 was covered by collateral under the Pooling Method. All of the ABC Board's bank balance was fully covered by federal depository insurance.

B. Investments

At June 30, 2018, The Town of Angier had \$2,551,703 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Valuation Method for the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Government Portfolio is Amortized Cost. The Town has no policy regarding credit risk. The ABC Board has no investments.

Interest Rate Risk – The Town has no formal investment policy regarding interest rate risk.

Credit Risk – The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk, but has internal management procedures that limits the Town's investments to the provisions of G.S. 159-30 and restricts the purchase of securities to the highest possible ratings whenever particular types of securities are rated.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 3—Receivables - allowance for doubtful accounts

The amounts presented in the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2018 are net of the following allowances for doubtful accounts:

General Fund:	
Taxes receivable	\$ 7,208
Accounts receivable	 10,881
Total General Fund	 18,089
Water and Sewer Fund:	
Accounts receivable	 120,859
Total Water and Sewer Fund	 120,859
Total	\$ 138,948

Note 4—Capital assets

Primary Government – Capital asset activity for the Primary Government for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 2,057,107	\$ -	\$ 119,605	\$ 1,937,502
Construction in progress	31,289	52,048	31,291	52,046
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	2,088,396	52,048	150,896	1,989,548
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Buildings	3,769,787	291,921	190,000	3,871,708
Equipment/Furniture	55,641	11,247	-	66,888
Vehicles/Heavy Equipment	1,411,950	68,662	65,312	1,415,300
Computer Equipment	79,801	-	-	79,801
Infrastructure	822,438			822,438
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	6,139,617	371,830	255,312	6,256,135
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Buildings	1,468,726	159,621	55,021	1,573,326
Equipment/Furniture	43,854	9,515	-	53,369
Vehicles/Heavy Equipment	1,234,912	103,792	65,312	1,273,392
Computer Equipment	78,778	877	-	79,655
Infrastructure	226,833	30,667		257,500
Total Accumulated Depreciation	3,053,103	304,472	120,333	3,237,242
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net	3,086,514	67,358	134,979	3,018,893
Governmental Activity Capital Assets, net	\$ 5,174,910	\$ 119,406	\$ 285,875	\$ 5,008,441

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 4—Capital assets (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General Government	\$ 27,873
Public Safety	66,463
Transportation	95,565
Economic and Physical Development	877
Culture and Recreation	113,617
Library	77
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 304,472

	Beginning			Ending
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
Business-Type Activities				
Utility Fund:				
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 614,903	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 614,903
Construction in progress	134,383	858,654	51,407	941,630
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	749,286	858,654	51,407	1,556,533
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Plant and distribution system	13,278,913	418,255	-	13,697,168
Intangible assets	2,025,000	-	-	2,025,000
Equipment and furniture	3,024	11,953	-	14,977
Vehicles and motorized equipment	824,965	84,023	-	908,988
Computer equipment	61,594			61,594
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	16,193,496	514,231		16,707,727
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:				
Plant and distribution system	5,701,467	324,765	-	6,026,232
Intangible assets	268,750	50,625	-	319,375
Equipment and furniture	2,972	582	-	3,554
Vehicles and motorized equipment	622,203	74,074	-	696,277
Computer equipment	61,593			61,593
Total Accumulated Depreciation	6,656,985	450,046		7,107,031
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net	9,536,511	64,185		9,600,696
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, net	\$ 10,285,797	\$ 922,839	\$ 51,407	\$ 11,157,229

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 4—Capital assets (continued)

Discretely Presented Component Unit – Activity for the ABC Board of the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances			Increases Decreases			Ending Balances		
Capital Assets not being Depreciated:		050.000	_					050.000	
Land	\$	252,000	\$		\$		\$	252,000	
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated		252,000		-				252,000	
Capital Assets being Depreciated:									
Buildings		752,340		-		-		752,340	
Furniture/equipment	131,919		10,386					142,305	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated		884,259		10,386		-		894,645	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Buildings		161,440		18,809				180,249	
Furniture/equipment		120,434		5,429				125,863	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		281,874		24,238		_		306,112	
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, net		602,385		(13,852)				588,533	
Business-Type Activity Capital Assets, net	\$	854,385	\$	(13,852)	\$	-	\$	840,533	

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations

A. Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description – The Town of Angier and the ABC Board are participating employers in the statewide LGERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. LGERS membership is comprised of general employees and local law enforcement officers ("LEO") of participating local governmental entities. Article 3 of G.S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the LGERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the State Senate, one appointed by the State House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as ex-officio members. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Benefits Provided – LGERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.85% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. Plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service, at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. Plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (age 55 for firefighters). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age (15 years of creditable service for firefighters and rescue squad members who are killed in the line of duty) or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

LGERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions – Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 128-30 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Town of Angier and the ABC Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the LGERS Board of Trustees. The Town of Angier's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018, was 8.25% of compensation for law enforcement officers and 7.50% for general employees and firefighters, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Town of Angier and the ABC Board were \$112,717 and \$6,622, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Refunds of Contributions – Town employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of LGERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60-day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by LGERS.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported a liability of \$371,695 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2016. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating LGERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2017, the Town's proportion was 0.02433%, which was an increase of 0.00056% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$123,579. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources			Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	21,413	\$	10,522		
Changes of assumptions		53,083		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on						
pension plan investments		90,248		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between Town						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,592		4,723		
Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date		112,717				
Total	\$	279,053	\$	15,245		

\$112,717 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Town contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	
2019	\$ 18,108
2020	107,660
2021	53,496
2022	(28,173)
2023	-
Thereafter	 _
Total	\$ 151,091

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.00%

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.75%, including inflation and productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e., general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and, are therefore, not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2017 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Fixed income	29.0%	1.4%
Global equity	42.0%	5.3%
Real estate	8.0%	4.3%
Alternatives	8.0%	8.9%
Credit	7.0%	6.0%
Inflation protection	6.0%	4.0%
Total	100.0%	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2016 asset, liability, and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including LGERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.00%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.20 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Discoun (7.20		1% Increase (8.20%)		
Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,1	15,837	\$ 3	71,695	\$	(249,428)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR for the State of North Carolina.

B. Law Enforcement Officers Special Separation Allowance

1. Plan Description

The Town of Angier administers a public employee retirement system (the "Separation Allowance"), a single-employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement benefits to the Town's qualified sworn law enforcement officers under the age of 62 who have completed at least 30 years of creditable service or have attained 55 years of age and have completed five or more years of creditable service. The Separation Allowance is equal to 0.85% of the annual equivalent of the base rate of compensation most recently applicable to the officer for each year of creditable service. The retirement benefits are not subject to any increases in salary or retirement allowances that may be authorized by the General Assembly. Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan member entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan members	14
Total	14

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting – The Town has chosen to fund the Separation Allowance on a pay as you go basis. Pension expenditures are made from the General Fund, which is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Benefits are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan.

The Separation Allowance has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the following criteria which are outlined in GASB Statement 73.

3. Actuarial Assumptions

The entry age actuarial cost method was used in the December 31, 2016 valuation. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases 3.50 to 7.35%, including inflation Discount rate 3.16%, including inflation

The discount rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant base rates projected to 2015 using MP-2015, projected forward generationally from 2015 using MP-2015.

All full-time law enforcement officers of the Town are covered by the Separation Allowance. At December 31, 2016 the Separation Allowance's membership consisted of:

Retirees receiving benefits	-
Terminated plan member entitled to but	
not yet receiving benefits	-
Active Plan members	14_
Total	14

A separate report was not issued for the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

4. Contributions.

The Town is required by Article 12D of G.S. Chapter 143 to provide these retirement benefits and has chosen to fund the amounts necessary to cover the benefits earned on a pay as you go basis through appropriations made in the General Fund operating budget. There are no contributions made by employees. The Town's obligation to contribute to this plan is established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. Administration costs of the Separation Allowance are financed through investment earnings. The Town paid no benefits for the reporting period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the Town reported a total pension liability of \$193,256. The total pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017 based on a December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of December 31, 2017 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the Town recognized pension expense of \$20,640.

	De Or	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
	of R			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	7,249
Changes of assumptions		10,964		3,081
Town benefit payments and plan administrative		-		_
Total	\$	10,964	\$	10,330

\$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from benefit payments made and administrative expenses incurred subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the total pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		nsion Dense
2019	\$ 1,934	\$	1,859	\$	75
2020	1,934		1,859		75
2021	1,934		1,859		75
2022	1,934		1,859		75
2023	1,934		1,859		75
Thereafter	 1,294		1,035		259
Total	\$ 10,964	\$	10,330	\$	634

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Sensitivity of the Town's Total Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the Town's total pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.16 percent, as well as what the Town's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.16 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.16 percent) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (2.16%)		count Rate (3.16%)	1% Increase (4.16%)	
Total Pension Liability liability (asset)	\$	210,260	\$	193,256	\$	177,673
Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2016 Changes for the year:					\$	168,706
Service Cost at end of year Interest						13,667 6,512
Change in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience						- (8,527)
Changes of assumptions and other inputs Benefit payments						12,898 -
Other changes Net changes						24,550
Total Pension Liability as of December 31, 2017					\$	193,256

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 through December 31, 2014.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Total Expense, Liabilities, and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense for all pension plans:

		LGERS		LEO		Total
Pension expense	\$	123,579	\$	20,640	\$	144,219
Pension liability		371,695		193,256		564,951
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		0.02433%		N/A		
<u>Deferred outflows of resources:</u>						
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	21,413	\$	-	\$	21,413
Changes of assumptions		53,083		10,964		64,047
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on plan investments		90,248		-		90,248
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions		1,592		-		1,592
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		112,717		_		112,717
Total	\$	279,053	\$	10,964	\$	290,017
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Differences between expected and actual						
experience	\$	10,522	\$	7,249	\$	17.771
Changes of assumptions	Ψ	-	Ψ	3,081	*	3,081
Changes in proportion and differences between				2,221		2,000
employer contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions		4,723				4,723
Total	\$	15,245	\$	10,330	\$	25,575

C. Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers

Plan Description – The Town contributes to the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan administered by the Department of State Treasurer and a Board of Trustees. The Plan provides retirement benefits to law enforcement officers employed by the Town. Article 5 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town has also elected to have employees not engaged in law enforcement to participate in the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan. The Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers is included in the CAFR for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes the pension trust fund financial statements for the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k) plan that includes the Supplemental Retirement Income Plan for Law Enforcement Officers. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Funding Policy –. Article 12E of G.S. Chapter 143 requires the Town to contribute each month an amount equal to five percent of each officer's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. The law enforcement officers may also make voluntary contributions to the plan.

Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$49,977, which consisted of \$30,131 from the Town and \$19,486 from the law enforcement officers. The Town has elected to make contributions for each non-law enforcement employee. Also, the non-law enforcement employees may make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018 were \$75,078 which consisted of \$30,649 from the Town and \$44,429 from the non-law enforcement employees. No amounts were forfeited.

D. Other Postemployment Benefit

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description – Under the terms of a Town resolution, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the "HCB Plan"). No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – As of June 2, 2009, this plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least ten years of creditable service with the Town and at least twenty years of service with the North Carolina Local Government Employees' Retirement System (NCLGERS). Prior to June 2, 2009, employees qualified for similar level benefits after a minimum of five years of creditable service with the Town.

The Town will contribute toward the cost of group health insurance premiums up to the base plan only based on the years of service at retirement using the following schedule:

Years of NC Service at Retirement	Years of Town Service at Retirement	Percentage of Premium Paid by the Town
20 -24	10 or more	50%
25-29	15 or more	75%
30 or more	20 or more	100%

Also, the Town's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the Town's group rates until age 65 or Medicare eligible. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at June 30, 2017, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and dependents receiving benefits	2
Active plan members	32
Total	34

The Town pays the cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town resolution that can be amended by Town Council. The Town's members pay \$276, \$809, \$1,085 per month for child, spouse, or family dependent coverage respectively. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The Town obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. The Town's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Total OPEB Liability

The Town's total OPEB liability of \$263,719 was measured as of June 30, 2017 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3%
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.50%
Salary increases, including wage inflation:	
General employees	3.5% - 7.75%
Law enforcement employees	3.5% - 7.35%
Discount rate	3.56%
Healthcare cost trend rates	
	= =00/ f = 00/= l

Pre-Medicare 7.50% for 2017 decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5% by 2023

The discount rate is based on the June average of the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond Index published weekly by the Bond Buyer.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2017	\$ 257,062
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	22,054
Interest	7,649
Change in benefit terms	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,116)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(16,030)
Benefit payments	 (5,900)
Net changes	 6,657
Total OPEB Liability as of June 30, 2018	\$ 263,719

Changes in assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.01% to 3.56%.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 mortality tables, with adjustments for LGERS experience and generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2015.

The demographic actuarial assumptions for retirement, disability incidence, withdrawal, and salary increases used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010 - December 31, 2014, adopted by the LGERS.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g., initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on a review of recent plan experience done concurrently with the June 30, 2017 valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated under a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.56%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.56%) than the current healthcare discount rate:

			(Current		
	-	1% Decrease Discount Rate (2.56%) (3.56%)		1% Increase (4.56%)		
Total OPEB Liability	\$	293,643	\$	263,719	\$	237,093

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Town, as well as what the Town's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower and 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	229,562	\$	263,719	\$	304,852

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2018 the Town recognized OPEB expense of \$30,657. At June 30, 2018, the Town reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Defe Outflo Resou	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	990
Changes of assumptions or other inputs Total	\$		\$	14,219 15,209

Amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Periods Ending June 30:	
2018	\$ 1,937
2019	1,937
2020	1,937
2021	1,937
2022	1,937
Thereafter	 5,524
	\$ 15,209

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 5—Pension plan and postemployment obligations (continued)

2. Other Employment Benefits

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for Members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one year-term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months' salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. Because all death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan and not by the Town, the Town does not determine the number of eligible participants. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. Contributions are determined as a percentage of monthly payroll based upon rates established annually by the State. Separate rates are set for employees not engaged in law enforcement and for law enforcement officers. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

3. Disability Payment Plan

The Town Board of Commissioners has established a disability fund for Town employees. Money was originally deposited into a savings account for the purpose of compensating an employee who for reasons of illness or injury was unable to perform his/her duties. The fund would pay the employee 80% of his/her regular salary, beginning on the eleventh day of disability for a period not to exceed 30 days. The Town originally deposited \$10,000 into a savings account for the purpose of compensating an employee who for reasons of illness or injury was unable to perform his duties. The fund would pay the employee 80% of his/her regular salary, beginning on the eleventh day of disability for a period not to exceed 30 days. The balance on hand in the fund at June 30, 2018 was \$17,673.

Note 6—Deferred outflows and inflows of resources

Deferred outflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

<u>Source</u>		Amount		
LGERS pension deferrals	\$	279,053		
LEOSSA pension deferrals		10,964		
Total	\$	290,017		

Deferred inflows of resources at year-end is comprised of the following:

	Governme Wide		 ieneral Fund
Taxes receivable (General Fund)	\$	-	\$ 15,390
OPEB deferrals		15,209	-
LGERS pension deferrals		15,245	-
LEOSSA pension deferrals		10,330	
	\$	40,784	\$ 15,390

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 7—Risk management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town protects itself from potential loss through the purchase of commercial insurance. Town obtains general liability and auto liability coverage of \$1 million per occurrence, property coverage up to the total insurance value of the property policy, and worker's compensation coverage up to statutory limits, and employee health coverage with no lifetime limit. Claims liabilities are reposted when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include amounts for material claims that have been incurred but are not reported ("IBNR"), based on actuarial computations. At June 30, 2018, the Town did not have any material IBNRs reported in liabilities.

The Town carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Town does not carry flood insurance through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NPIF). The Town has decided to not obtain the coverage because it does not have any structures in a flood plain.

In accordance with G.S. 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer and tax collector are each individually bonded for \$100,000 and \$100,000 respectively. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The Town of Angier ABC Board is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The ABC Board has commercial property, general liability, auto liability, worker's compensation, and employee health coverage. The board also has liquor legal liability. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year and settled claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 8—Long-term obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The Town is indebted under installment purchase agreements as follows:

Serviced by the General Fund:

The Town entered into a \$1,250,000 Installment Financing Contract with First Citizens Bank & Trust Company on June 25, 2007 for the renovation and expansion of the Jack Marley Town Park and improvements to the intersection of Highways 210 and 55. The underlying promissory note provides for fifteen annual payments of \$83,333.33, plus accrued interest at 3.87% commencing July 25, 2008, The note is secured by the real and personal property of the Park under a deed of trust. Balance at June 30, 2018.

The Town entered into a \$46,000 Promissory Note Agreement with First Bank on July 8, 2015 for the purchase of two Dodge Charger Police Vehicles. The contract provides for monthly payments of \$1,338.66, including interest at 3.00%, commencing August, 2015. The note is secured by the equipment purchased. Balance at June 30, 2018.

The Town entered into a \$95,000 Promissory Note Agreement with First Citizens Bank on March 28, 2016 for the purchase of three Dodge Charger Police Vehicles. The contract provides for monthly payments of \$2,719.39, including interest at 1.96%, commencing April, 2016. The note is secured by the equipment purchased. Balance at June 30, 2018.

The Town entered into a \$ 28,565 Promissory Note Agreement with First Bank on May 23, 2017 for the purchase of a Chevrolet Truck. The contract provides for monthly payments of \$837.69, including interest at 3.50%, commencing June, 2017. The note is secured by the equipment purchased. Balance at June 30, 2018.

Total General Fund \$ 460,876

Serviced by the Utility Fund:

The Town entered into a \$1,600,000 Installment Financing Contract with BB&T on June 19, 2017 for the construction of the Water Tank. The underlying promissory note provides for thirty semi-annual payments of \$65,541.69, plus accrued interest at 2.77%, commencing December 19, 2017. The note is secured by the equipment and the moneys on deposit from time to time in the Project Fund. Balance at June 30, 2018.

Total Utility Fund \$ 1,512,636

\$

416,667

1,336

24,276

18.597

1,512,636

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 8—Long-term obligations (continued)

Annual debt service payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2018, including interest of \$49,244 for Governmental activities and \$322,532 for Business-type activities of are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			 Business-Ty	pe Act	ivities	
Years Ending June 30:	F	Principal	Ir	nterest	Principal		nterest
2019	\$	118,491	\$	16,834	\$ 89,801	\$	41,282
2020		92,386		13,060	92,306		38,778
2021		83,333		9,675	94,880		36,203
2022		83,333		6,450	97,527		33,557
2023		83,333		3,225	100,247		30,837
2024 - 2028		-		-	544,768		110,649
2029 - 2033		-		-	493,107		31,226
2034 - 2038		-		-	-		-
2039 - 2043		-		-	-		-
2042				-	-		
Total Principal Payments	\$	460,876			\$ 1,512,636		
Total Interest Payments			\$	49,244		\$	322,532

b. General Obligation Indebtedness

The Town's general obligation bonds issued to finance the construction of facilities utilized in the operations of the water and sewer system and which are being retired by its resources are reported as long-term debt in the Water and Sewer Fund. All general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith, credit, and taxing power of the Town. Principal and interest requirements are appropriated when due.

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2018 are comprised of the following individual issues serviced by the Water and Sewer Fund:

\$1,311,000 Refunding Bonds issued December 13, 2011, interest at 3.57%, with annual principal and interest payments due through June 1, 2026.

Total General Obligation Bonds

\$ 794,213

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 8—Long-term obligations (continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term obligations are as follows:

		Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities
Years Ending June 30:	F	Principal	-	Interest
2019	\$	87,681	\$	28,353
2020		90,775		25,223
2021		94,350		21,983
2022		96,895		18,614
2023		100,926		15,155
2024-2026		323,586		23,313
Total	\$	794,213	\$	132,641
 c. Revenue Bond \$1,240,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010, issued system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on Jun 2012 with semiannual interest payments due on December 1 and Jun of 4.125%. Balance at June 30, 2018. \$1,921,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, issued system improvements. Principal installments are due annually on Jun 2014 with annual interest payments due on June 1, at an annual rate June 30, 2018. 	e 1 beginr e 1, at an for water e 1 beginr	annual rate annual rate and sewer	\$	1,128,000
Total Revenue Bonds			\$	2,922,000

The future payments of the revenue bond for the years ending June 30, 2018 are as follows:

	Business-Type Activities			ctivities
Years Ending June 30:		Principal		Interest
2019	\$	47,000	\$	113,805
2020		48,000		111,971
2021		51,000		110,100
2022		53,000		108,113
2023		55,000		106,046
2024-2028		309,000		496,369
2029-2033		374,000		431,209
2034-2038		451,000		352,399
2039-2043		545,000		257,186
2044-2048		660,000		142,410
2049-2051		329,000		22,736
Total	\$	2,922,000	\$	2,252,344

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 8—Long-term obligations (continued)

The Town is in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, rentals, and charges in Section 5 of the Bond Order, authorizing the issuance of the Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2010 since its adoption in 2010, and Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series 2012 since its adoption in 2012. Section 5.01 of the Bond Order requires the debt service coverage ratio to be no less than 110%. The debt service coverage ratio calculation for the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follows:

Operating revenues Operating expenses*	\$ 2,437,355 1,797,177
Operating income Nonoperating revenues (expenses)**	640,178 (44,487)
Income available for debt service Debt service, principal and interest paid (Revenue Bond only)	 595,691 160,560
Debt service coverage ratio	371.01%

^{*}Per rate covenants, this does not include the depreciation expense of \$450,046

The Town has pledged future water and sewer customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay \$1,240,000 million in Sewer System Revenue Bonds issued in May 2010 and the \$1,921,000 in Sewer System Revenue Bonds issued in March 2012. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing to construct improvements to the Town's sanitary sewer system and acquire entitlements to capacity in a regional sanitary sewer system. The bonds are payable solely from water and sewer customer net revenues and are payable through 2051. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require less than 25 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$5,174,344. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$160,560 and \$232,593, respectively.

^{**} Per rate covenants, this does not include revenue bond interest paid of \$115,560

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 8—Long-term obligations (continued)

d. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2018 the following changes occurred in long-term liabilities:

	Balance			Balance	Current
	June 30, 2017	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2018	Portion
Governmental Activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 603,519	\$ -	\$142,643	\$ 460,876	\$ 118,491
Compensated absences	138,004	-	30,091	107,913	16,300
Other postemployment benefits*, restated	182,513	17,913	-	200,426	-
Net pension liability (LGERS)	383,893	-	100,916	282,977	-
Total pension obligation (LEOSSA)	168,706	24,550		193,256	
Governmental Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 1,476,635	\$ 42,463	\$273,650	\$ 1,245,448	\$ 134,791
Business-Type Activities:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 878,780	\$ -	\$ 84,567	\$ 794,213	\$ 87,681
Revolving loan	1,600,000	-	87,364	1,512,636	89,801
Revenue bonds	2,967,000	-	45,000	2,922,000	47,000
Net pension liability (LGERS)	120,586	-	31,868	88,718	-
Other postemployment benefits*, restated	74,549	-	11,256	63,293	-
Compensated absences	27,325	-	7,390	19,935	3,600
Business-Type Activities					
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 5,668,240	\$ -	\$267,445	\$ 5,400,795	\$228,082

^{*}Other postemployment benefits are restated for the implementation of GASB 75. See Footnote 14.

Compensated absences for governmental activities have typically been liquidated in the General Fund.

General Fund assets have and are used to satisfy net pension obligations.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 9—Operating lease obligations

The Town has entered into operating leases for various office equipment for terms from three to five years. Rental expense under these agreements for the current year was \$21,569 for Governmental activities and \$2,399 for Business-type activities.

Future minimum rental payments for the five years ending June 30 are as follows:

Years Ending June 30:	Governmental Business- Activities Activiti				
2019	\$ 12,260	\$	2,055		
2020	6,294		661		
2021	3,284		338		
2022	3,035		338		
2023	 441		197		
Totals	\$ 25,314	\$	3,589		

Note 10—Interfund balances and activity

There were no interfund balances or transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 11—Net investment in capital assets

	Governmental B Activities			Business-Type Activities	
Capital assets Less long-term debt	\$	5,008,441 460,876	\$	11,157,229 5,228,849	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	4,547,565	\$	5,928,380	

Note 12—Fund balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation:

Total Fund Balance - General Fund	\$ 4,130,287
Less:	
Prepaid expenses	1,339
Stabilization by State statute	470,768
Streets - Powell Bill	141,278
LEO Special Separation Allowance	53,095
Appropriated Fund Balance in 2019 budget	156,687
Public Safety	14,955
Remaining Fund Balance	\$ 3,292,165

The Town of Angier has not adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2018

Note 13—Summary disclosure of significant contingencies

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audit of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

Note 14—Change in accounting principles/restatement and prior period adjustment

The Town implemented GASB No. Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018. The implementation of the statement required the Town to record beginning OPEB liability and the effects on net position of benefit payments and administrative expenses paid by the Town related to OPEB during the measurement period (fiscal year ending June 30, 2017). Beginning deferred outflows and inflows of resources associated with the implementation were excluded from the restatement. As a result, net position for the governmental activities \$39,259 and \$16,036 for the business-type activities.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the Town determined that there was a duplicate entry to accounts payable in the year ended June 30, 2016. This prior period adjustment resulted in an increase to beginning net position in Governmental Activities at the Government-Wide level and an increase to beginning fund balance in the Angier Elementary Drainage Project Nonmajor Governmental Fund at the fund level of \$8,710.

TOWN OF ANGIER

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Obligation
- Law Enforcement Officers' Special Separation Allowance Schedule of Total Pension Obligation as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
- Other Postemployment Benefits Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)
- Local Government Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE – SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL PENSION OBLIGATION

LAST TWO YEARS

	2018	 2017
Beginning balance of the total pension liability	\$ 168,706	\$ 155,163
Service Cost	13,667	12,247
Interest on the total pension liability	6,512	5,539
Differences between expected and actual experience in the		
measurement of the total pension liability	(8,527)	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	12,898	(4,243)
Ending balance of the total pension liability	\$ 193,256	\$ 168,706

This is the second year of reporting in this format. This will eventually report 10 years of information.

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS' SPECIAL SEPARATION ALLOWANCE —

SCHEDULE OF TOTAL PENSION OBLIGATION AS A PERCENTAGE OF COVERED PAYROLL

LAST TWO YEARS

	 2018	 2017
Total pension liability	\$ 193,256	\$ 168,706
Covered payroll	585,947	549,801
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	32.98%	30.68%

Notes to the schedules:

The Town of Angier has no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 73 to pay related benefits.

This is the second year of reporting in this format. This will eventually report 10 years of information.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS — SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Total OPEB Liability	
Service costs	\$ 22,054
Interest	7,649
Difference between expected and actual experience	(1,116)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(16,030)
Benefit payments	 (5,900)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	6,657
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	257,062
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 263,719
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,225,782
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	21.51%

Notes to Schedule

Changes of Assumptions – Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate of each period. The following are the discount rates used in each period:

Fiscal year	Rate
2018	3 56%

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) –
LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Town of Angier's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (%)	0.02433%	0.02377%	0.02305%	0.02190%	0.02210%
Town of Angier's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) (\$)	\$ 371,695	\$ 504,479	\$ 103,446	\$ (129,154)	\$ 266,390
Town of Angier's covered payroll	\$1,395,017	\$1,344,769	\$1,232,700	\$1,127,617	\$1,086,921
Town of Angier's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	26.64%	37.51%	8.39%	(11.45%)	24.51%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability**	94.18%	91.47%	98.09%	102.64%	94.35%

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ended June 30.

Information is not available for years prior to those presented.

^{**} This will be the same percentage for all participant employers in the LGERS plan.

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS – LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution	\$ 112,717	\$ 105,903	\$ 92,837	\$ 88,260	\$ 80,509
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	112,717	105,903	92,837	88,260	80,509
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Town of Angier's covered payroll	\$ 1,514,778	\$ 1,395,017	\$ 1,344,769	\$ 1,232,700	\$ 1,127,617
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	7.44%	7.59%	6.90%	7.16%	7.14%

This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. The additional years' information will be displayed as it becomes available.

TOWN OF ANGIER

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 6

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND

Parameter		Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Ad Valorem Taxes:	Φ.	4 007 460 († 4.0E0.004	ф 04.764
Taxes	\$	1,837,163		
Penalties and interest		4,500	11,788	7,288
Total	_	1,841,663	1,870,712	29,049
Other Taxes and Licenses:				
Vehicle licenses		14,000	16,899	2,899
Privilege licenses		-	300	300
Total		14,000	17,199	3,199
		_		
Unrestricted Intergovernmental:		670,000	705 722	105 700
Local option sales taxes Motor fuel tax refund		9,000	795,733 9,995	125,733 995
Payments in lieu of taxes-outside sources		8,000	8,013	13
Telecommunications sales tax		22,000	19,856	(2,144)
Utility franchise tax		200,000	209,158	9,158
Video franchise fees		45,000	40,399	(4,601)
Piped natural gas tax		150	636	486
Beer and wine tax		17,500	21,834	4,334
Harnett county recreation funds		12,000	12,000	-
ABC profit distribution		44,500	60,771	16,271
Total		1,028,150	1,178,395	150,245
Restricted Intergovernmental:				
Powell Bill Allocation		140,050	140,043	(7)
Solid waste disposal tax		2,500	3,349	849
Drug forfeiture revenues		_,	85	85
ABC Revenue for law enforcement		2,000	10,327	8,327
Total		144,550	153,804	9,254
Permits and Fees:				
Police/Magistrate fees		7,500	7,435	(65)
Garbage fees		230,000	256,001	26,001
Recycling Fees		80,000	86,510	6,510
Building permits		60,000	85,541	25,541
Planning fees and permits		9,300	18,377	9,077
Total		386,800	453,864	67,064

SCHEDULE 6

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Sales and Services:			
Recreation department fees	\$ 39,500	\$ 39,015	\$ (485)
Investment earnings	8,600	28,457	19,857
Miscellaneous:			
Library revenues	8,000	6,388	(1,612)
Depot revenues	6,000	8,035	2,035
Miscellaneous	51,596	55,575	3,979
Total	65,596	69,998	4,402
Total revenues	3,528,859	3,811,444	282,585
Expenditures: General Government: Administration: Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	- -	504,505 408,951	- -
Capital Outlay		6,258	
Total General Government	1,103,675	919,714	183,961
Public Safety: Police:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	857,942	-
Vehicle maintenance	-	27,323	-
Other operating expenditures	-	119,080	-
Capital outlay		61,685	
Total Public Safety	1,140,678	1,066,030	74,648
Transportation: Streets and Highways:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	51,492	-
Vehicle maintenance	-	14,556	-
Building & equpment maintenance	-	12,176	-
Street lights	-	145,144	-
Solid waste removal	-	251,520	-
Other operating expenditues Capital outlay	-	161,926	-
Total Streets and Highways	654,446	636,814	17,632
5 ,	,	,-	, —

SCHEDULE 6

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Powell Bill:	r.	Ф 204.200	Φ.
Other operating expenditues Total Powell Bill	\$ <u>-</u> 307,000	\$ 294,388	12.612
Total Fowell Bill Total Transportation	961,446	<u>294,388</u> 931,202	12,612 30,244
Total Transportation	901,440	931,202	30,244
Economic and Physical Devopment:			
Planning, zoning and inspections:		55,000	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	-	55,082 53,163	-
	117.042	53,163 108,245	8,797
Total Economic and Physical Devopment	117,042	100,245	0,191
Cultural and recreation:			
Parks and recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	161,624	-
Reparis and maintenance Other operating expenditures	-	244,964 115,105	- -
Capital outlay	- -	6,976	<u>-</u>
Total Parks and Recreation	521,040	528,669	(7,629)
Depot: Building maintenance		6,156	
Other operating expenditures	-	19,094	_
Capital outlay	-	32,005	-
Total Depot	68,000	57,255	10,745
Total Cultural and Recreation:	589,040	585,924	3,116
12			
Library: Salaries and employee benefits	_	84,540	_
Other operating expenditures	-	57,671	_
Reparis and maintenance	-	9,602	-
Total Library	168,377	151,813	16,564
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	_	142,622	_
Interest and other charges	-	21,317	_
Total debt service	170,431	163,939	6,492
Total expenditures	4,250,689	3,926,867	323,822
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(721,830)	(115,423)	606,407

SCHEDULE 6

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	 Budget	Actual		/ariance Positive legative)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfer to other funds: Hwy 210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk Project Installment purchase obligations issued Sale of capital assets Appropriation of fund balance Total	\$ (11,000) 64,000 270,000 398,830 721,830	\$ 282,064 - 282,064	\$	11,000 (64,000) 12,064 (398,830) (439,766)
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	\$ <u>-</u>	166,641	\$	166,641
Fund balances, beginning Fund balances, ending		\$ 3,963,646 4,130,287		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Lillington/Willow/ Roy Street Sidewalk Capital Project Fund		Hwy 210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk Capital Project Fund		Angier Elementary Drainage Project Fund		Harnett County Arts Council		Hwy210/Park Street Sidewalk Extension Project Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,069	\$		\$	15,191	\$	=	\$	9,590	\$	28,850
Total assets	\$	4,069	\$		\$	15,191	\$	-	\$	9,590	\$	28,850
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	4,069	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	4,069
Total liabilities		4,069		-		-		-		-		4,069
Fund balances: Restricted: Streets Committed: Streets		-		- -		15,191 -		-		- 9,590		15,191 9,590
Total fund balances		-		_		15,191		-		9,590		24,781
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,069	\$		\$	15,191	\$	_	\$	9,590	\$	28,850

SCHEDULE 8

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Revenues:	Lillington/Willow/ Roy Street Sidewalk Capital Project Fund	Hwy 210/Hwy 55 Sidewalk Capital Project Fund	Angier Elementary Drainage Project Fund	Harnett County Arts Council	Hwy210/Park Street Sidewalk Extension Project Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Restricted intergovernmental Investment earnings	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - 4	\$ - -	\$ 61,638 -	61,638 4
Total revenues	-	-	4	-	61,638	61,642
Expenditures: Engineering					52,048	52,048
Total expenditures					52,048	52,048
Revenues over (under) expenditures			4		9,590	9,594
Other Financing Sources: Transfers (to) from other funds: General Fund						
Total other financing sources						
Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures	-	-	4	-	9,590	9,594
Fund balance, beginning	-	-	6,477	_	-	6,477
Restatement			8,710			8,710
Fund balance, beginning restated			15,187			15,187
Fund balance, ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,191	\$ -	\$ 9,590	\$ 24,781

SCHEDULE 9

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – LILLINGTON /WILLOW/ROY STREET SIDEWALK – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

					А	ctual	Variance						
	Project Authorization		Prior Year			irrent Year		Total to Date		Positive legative)			
Revenues:						_				_			
Grant Revenue	\$	531,639	\$	516,696	\$		\$	516,696	\$	(14,943)			
Total revenues		531,639		516,696				516,696		(14,943)			
Expenditures:													
Engineering		68,000		67,504		-		67,504		496			
Construction		663,177		639,711		-		639,711		23,466			
Right of Way / Easements		9,000		8,782		-		8,782		218			
Testing		20,000		18,821	-		18,821			1,179			
Landscaping		2,500		1,008		-		1,008		1,492			
Total expenditures		762,677		735,826				735,826		26,851			
Revenues under expenditures		(231,038)		(219,130)				(219,130)		11,908			
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds:													
General Fund		231,038		219,130		_		219,130		(11,908)			
Total other financing sources		231,038		219,130		_		219,130		(11,908)			
Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$		\$			-	\$		\$				
Fund balance, beginning						-							
Fund balance, ending					\$	-							

SCHEDULE 10

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – HWY 210/HWY 55 SIDEWALK – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

		Actual										
		Project thorization		Prior Year		Closed Projects		rent	To	otal		
Revenues: Restricted intergovernmental: Grant revenue	\$	\$ 104,000		\$ 104.000 \$ 104.000		104,000	\$	104,000	\$	_	\$	_
Total revenues		104,000		104,000		104,000						
Expenditures: Engineering Construction Right of Way Testing Miscellaneous Total expenditures Revenues under expenditures		10,000 116,281 10,372 10,000 4,400 151,053 (47,053)		9,400 116,280 5,172 3,228 300 134,380 (30,380)		9,400 116,280 5,172 3,228 300 134,380 (30,380)		- - - - - -		- - - - - -		
Other Financing Sources: Transfer from general fund Total other financing sources		47,053 47,053		30,380 30,380		30,380		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$			
Fund balance, beginning Fund balance, ending							\$	<u>-</u>				

SCHEDULE 11

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – ANGIER ELEMENTARY DRAINAGE PROJECT FUND

Revenues:		Project Authorization		Prior Year		Actual Current Year		Total to Date		ariance ositive egative)
Revenues: Harnett County Board of Education Investment earnings	\$	50,000	\$	50,000 280	\$	- 4	\$	50,000 284	\$	- 284
Total revenues		50,000		50,280		4		50,284		284
Expenditures:										
Construction		50,000		43,803		-		35,093		14,907
Total expenditures		50,000		43,803				35,093		14,907
Revenues under expenditures				6,477		4		15,191		15,191
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from other funds: General fund		<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u> .
Installment purchase obligations issued		-		-		_		-		-
Total other financing sources		_								
Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$		\$	6,477		4	\$	15,191	\$	15,191
Fund balance, beginning						6,477				
Restatement						8,710				
Fund balance, ending					\$	15,191				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – HARNETT COUNTY ARTS COUNCIL FUND

	Project Authorization		Prior Year	Curi	tual rent ear	1	Fotal to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues: Grant revenue	\$	36,202	\$ 36,202	\$	\$ -		36,202	\$ -	
Total revenues		36,202	 36,202			<u>\$</u>	36,202		_
Expenditures: Friday Depot Nights Campbell Children's Choir Harnett Regional Theater Angier Chamber of Commerce Miscellaneous Total expenditures		6,000 3,000 10,000 3,000 14,202 36,202	6,000 3,000 10,000 3,000 14,202 36,202		- - - - -		6,000 3,000 10,000 3,000 14,202 36,202		- - - - -
Revenues under expenditures									
Other Financing Sources: Transfer from general fund Fund balance appropriated Total other financing sources		- -	- -		- -		- -		- -
· ·						-			
Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$		\$ 		-	\$		\$	
Fund balance, beginning									
Fund balance, ending				\$					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – HWY 210 PARK STREET – CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

	Project Authorization	Prior Year	Actual Current Year	Total to Date	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Grant Revenue	\$ 418,280	\$ -	\$ 61,638	\$ 61,638	\$ 356,642
Total revenues	418,280	<u>-</u>	61,638	61,638	356,642
Expenditures: Engineering	77,723	-	52,048	52,048	25,675
Construction	445,127				445,127
Total expenditures	522,850		52,048	52,048	470,802
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(104,570)		9,590	9,590	114,160
Other Financing Sources: Transfers from General Fund Fund Balance Appropriated	104,570 	_ 	_ 	_ 	(104,570)
Total other financing sources	104,570				(104,570)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,590	\$ 9,590	\$ 9,590
Fund balance, beginning			-		
Fund balance, ending			\$ 9,590		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) — WATER AND SEWER FUND

	 Budget	Actual	/ariance Positive Negative)	
Revenues:				
Water sales	\$ 1,188,000	\$	1,078,546	\$ (109,454)
Total	 1,188,000		1,078,546	(109,454)
Sewer charges	960,000		1,005,333	45,333
Total	 960,000		1,005,333	45,333
Water and sewer taps	 52,965		74,731	21,766
Other operating revenues:				
Late fees and reconnections	65,000		79,277	14,277
Activation fees	15,000		19,475	4,475
Water acreage fees	12,680		16,752	4,072
Sewer acreage fees	50,980		56,368	5,388
Water capacity fees	50,040		47,054	(2,986)
Sewer capacity fees	34,485		35,951	1,466
Miscellaneous water/sewer	2,250		4,492	2,242
Grant revenue	-		-	-
Water meter revenue	 12,000		18,692	6,692
Total other operating revenues	242,435		278,061	35,626
Total operating revenues	 2,443,400		2,436,671	(6,729)
Nonoperating revenues:				
Rental revenue	29,280		30,680	1,400
Interest earnings	 2,500		3,282	 782
Total nonoperating revenue	31,780		33,962	2,182
Total revenues	2,475,180		2,470,633	(4,547)
Expenditures: Water operations:				
Salaries and employee benefits	_		280,154	_
Water purchases	-		397,204	_
Maintenance	-		85,120	-
Other operating expenditures	-		285,536	-
Capital outlay	-		432,944	-
Total Water operations	1,502,306		1,480,958	21,348

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) — WATER AND SEWER FUND (CONTINUED)

	Bud	dget		Actual	Po	riance ositive egative)
Sewer operations:	Φ		Φ	000 470	Φ	
Salaries and employee benefits Other operating expenditures	\$	-	\$	223,176 54,864	\$	-
Maintenance		<u>-</u>		37,312		<u>-</u>
Sewer rehab/preventative maintenance		_ _		22,900		<u>-</u>
Capital outlay		_		37,085		_
Total Sewer Operations		440,676		375,337		65,339
Water treatment and distribution: Water treatment plant:						
Chemicals		-		26,776		-
Other operating expenditures		-		699		-
Maintenance		-		7,865		-
Utilities		-		12,932		-
Contracted services		-		315,379		
Total Water Treatment		388,800		363,651		25,149
Lagoon:						
Utilities		-		10,921		-
Maintenance		-		8,211		-
Chemicals		-		29,085		-
Other operating expenditures				10,749		
Total Lagoon		58,710		58,966		(256)
Total Water Treatment and Distribution		447,510		422,617		24,893
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		216,931		-
Interest and other charges				190,652		
Total debt service		384,251		407,583		(23,332)
Total expenditures	2,	774,743		2,686,495		88,248

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES — BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) — WATER AND SEWER FUND (CONTINUED)

		Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfer (to) from other fund:	Φ		Φ		Φ	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Water Capital Reserve Wastewater Capital Project Fund		-		-		-
Bond payment reserve fund		(15,731)		- (15,731)		-
Appropriation of fund balance		315,294		(13,731)		315,294
• • •				(45.724)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		299,563	-	(15,731)		315,294
Revenues and other sources under						
expenditures and other uses	\$	_		(231,593)	\$	(231,593)
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual:						
Revenues and other sources under						
expenditures and other uses			\$	(231,593)		
Reconciling items:						
Principal retirement				216,931		
Capital outlay				470,713		
Decrease in OPEB liability				11,256		
Increase in deferred inflow of resources - OPEB				(3,650)		
Decrease in interest accrued				515		
Depreciation Interest income Capital Reserve & Capital Project	et Eune	le		(450,046) 302		
Decrease in deferred outflows of resources - per		13		(34,816)		
Decrease in net pension liability	1010110			31,868		
Decrease in accrued absences				7,390		
Increase in deferred inflow of resources - pensio	ns			(342)		
Transfer to Bond Reserve Fund				15,731		
Total reconciling items				265,852		
Net income			\$	34,259		

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES —
BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) — FROM INCEPTION — WATER CAPITAL RESERVE FUND

				Δ.	ctual			V	ariance
	Pro	ject	Prior	Cu	rrent	T	otal to	F	ositive
	Author	ization	 Years	Y	'ear		Date	(N	egative)
Revenues:									
Investment earnings	\$	-	\$ 1,649	\$	189	\$	1,838	\$	1,838
Total Revenues			 1,649		189		1,838		1,838
Revenues over (under) expenditures			 1,649		189		1,838		1,838
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers from other funds:									
Wastewater Capital Project Fund		_	300,000		_		300,000		300,000
Water and Sewer fund			 250,000				250,000		250,000
Total other sources			 550,000				550,000		550,000
Revenues and other sources						_			
over (under) expenditures	\$		\$ 551,649	\$	189	\$	551,838	\$	551,838

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES —
BUDGET TO ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) — FROM INCEPTION — WATER CAPITAL PROJECT FUND

			Actual		Variance
	Project	Prior	Current	Total to	Positive
5	Authorization	Years	Year	Date	(Negative)
Revenues:	•	•			
Interest earnings	\$ -	\$ 2	<u>\$ 113</u>	<u>\$ 115</u>	<u>\$ 115</u>
Total revenues		2	113	115	115
Expenditures:					
Wake Co. Elevated Tank Project:					
Engineering fees	75,500	75,715	_	75,715	215
Construction	1,043,051	_	839,054	839,054	(203,997)
Administration and observation	28,000	_	19,600	19,600	(8,400)
Additioanl Services	210	_	_	_	(210)
Environmental & geotechnical	5,250	5,250	-	5,250	-
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,011	_	2,011	11
Contingency	52,153				(52,153)
Total expenditures	1,206,164	82,976	858,654	941,630	(264,534)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,206,164)	(82,974)	(858,541)	(941,515)	264,649
Other financing sources:					
Transfers from (to) other funds:					
From Water and Sewer Fund	2,000	_	_	-	(2,000)
To Water and Sewer Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Installment purchase obligations issued	1,204,164	1,600,000		1,600,000	395,836
Total other sources	1,206,164	1,600,000		1,600,000	393,836
Revenues and other sources					
over (under) expenditures	\$ -	\$1,517,026	\$ (858,541)	\$ 658,485	\$ 658,485

TOWN OF ANGIER

OTHER SCHEDULES

This section contains additional information required on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable General Fund
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy Town-Wide Levy

SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE – GENERAL FUND

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2017	,	Additions		Collections and Credits		ncollected Balance ne 30, 2018
2017-2018	\$ -	\$	1,859,149	\$	1,856,379	\$	2,770
2016-2017	2,730	*	-	Ψ.	862	*	1,868
2015-2016	3,003		_		1,081		1,922
2014-2015	927		_		-		927
2013-2014	2,100		_		13		2,087
2012-2013	2,424		_		(118)		2,542
2011-2012	2,319		_		(225)		2,544
2010-2011	1,915		_		(195)		2,110
2009-2010	1,923		_		(210)		2,133
2008-2009	3,027		_		(669)		3,696
2007-2008	3,287		_		3,287		-
	\$ 23,655	\$	1,859,149	\$	1,860,205		22,599
	Less allowance for t General Fund	uncolle	ctible accounts	:			7,208
	Ad valorem taxes re	ceivabl	e - net			\$	15,391
	Reconcilement with	revenu	es:				
	Ad valorem taxes - (Reconciling items:	-	l Fund			\$	1,870,712
	Taxes written off						(3,287)
	Misc						(7,220)
	Subtotal						(10,507)
	Total collections and	d credit	s			\$	1,860,205

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINA

ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY – TOWN-WIDE LEVY

						 Total	Levy	
			City	- Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Re	egistered
		Property		Pata	Total	Motor Vehicles	,	Motor /ehicles
Original levy:	Valuation \$ 369,834,717 1,147,736 (107,058			Rate	 Levy	 venicies		venicies
Property taxed at current	\$	369,834,717	\$	0.53	\$ 1,960,124	\$ 1,742,217	\$	217,907
Discoveries Abatements		1,147,736 (107,058)	\$	0.53	6,083 (107,058)	6,083 (107,058)		- -
Total property valuation	\$	370,875,395						
Net levy Uncollected taxes at June 30,	2018				1,859,149 2,770	1,641,242 2,770		217,907
Current year's taxes collected					\$ 1,856,379	\$ 1,638,472	\$	217,907
Current levy collection percent	tage				 99.85%	 99.83%		100.00%

TOWN OF ANGIER

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Angier's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial information, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about government's overall financial health.

Financial Trends – These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity – These tables contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity – These tables present information to help the reader asses the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic – These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information – These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the service the government provides and the activities it performs.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental Activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 3,315,608	\$ 3,287,945	\$ 3,556,589	\$ 3,570,120	\$ 3,511,863	\$ 3,658,984	\$ 3,876,977	\$ 4,514,953	\$ 4,571,391	\$ 4,547,565
Restricted Unrestricted	481,264 2,470,551	555,713 2,656,233	850,592 2,422,234	717,185 2,482,411	627,391 2,684,113	637,917 2,837,241	642,750 2,764,072	584,742 2,709,303	721,605 2,727,596	651,782 2,914,292
Total net position	\$ 6,267,423	\$ 6,499,891	\$ 6,829,415	\$ 6,769,716	\$ 6,823,367	\$ 7,134,142	\$ 7,283,799	\$ 7,808,998	\$ 8,020,592	\$ 8,113,639
Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 4,686,716 -	\$ 5,073,701 -	\$ 5,256,078 -	\$ 6,737,470	\$ 6,810,476	\$ 6,605,087 -	\$ 6,524,943	\$ 6,309,595	\$ 4,840,017 -	\$ 5,928,380
Unrestricted	2,457,043	2,520,039	2,782,041	3,024,489	3,533,525	3,750,179	3,985,698	4,064,166	5,403,716	4,333,576
Total net position	\$ 7,143,759	\$ 7,593,740	\$ 8,038,119	\$ 9,761,959	\$10,344,001	\$10,355,266	\$10,510,641	\$10,373,761	\$10,243,733	\$10,261,956
Primary Government:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 8,002,324	\$ 8,361,646	\$ 8,812,667	\$10,307,590	\$10,322,339	\$10,264,071	\$10,401,920	\$10,824,548	\$ 9,411,408	\$10,475,945
Restricted	481,264	555,713	850,592	717,185	627,391	637,917	642,750	584,742	721,605	651,782
Unrestricted	4,927,594	5,176,272	5,204,275	5,506,900	6,217,638	6,587,420	6,749,770	6,773,469	8,131,312	7,247,868
Total net position	\$13,411,182	\$14,093,631	\$14,867,534	\$16,531,675	\$17,167,368	\$17,489,408	\$17,794,440	\$18,182,759	\$18,264,325	\$18,375,595

Note 1: Amounts are based on the Accrual Basis of Accounting.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Expenses:				<u> </u>														<u>.</u>		
Governmental Activities:																				
General government	\$	644,962	\$	648,486	\$	645,759	\$	608,020	\$	627,668	\$	650,203	\$	723,631	\$	798,140	\$	962,349	\$	935,986
Public safety		719,621		840,167		828,414		881,738		818,602		899,190		929,244		991,466		1,076,873		1,062,183
Transportation		785,492		463,732		569,822		894,675		842,763		582,127		663,442		988,430		749,548		1,057,187
Economic and physical development		182,464 135,147		196,228 142,147		130,107		132,146		120,213 152,528		174,149 139.931		133,334		110,989		109,617		112,089
Library Cultural and recreational		298.367		321.741		152,585 373.080		212,532 375,479		416.432		403.930		139,954 421,279		151,253 404,931		143,550 425.080		157,030 686.130
Interest on long-term debt		296,367 97,127		46,434		42,559		40,240		36,319		34,341		30,630		26,714		22,285		18,313
c .	_		_		_		_		_		_		\$		_		s		_	
Total governmental activities expenses	\$	2,863,180	\$	2,658,935	\$	2,742,326	\$	3,144,830	\$	3,014,525	\$	2,883,871	3	3,041,514	3	3,471,923	\$	3,489,302	\$	4,028,918
Business-Type Activities:																				
Water and sewer	\$	1,347,454	\$	1,353,109	\$	1,483,225	\$	1,570,259	\$	1,775,358	\$	2,012,755	\$	2,052,708	\$	2,208,941	\$	2,301,460	\$	2,437,360
Total business-type activities		1,347,454		1,353,109		1,483,225		1,570,259		1,775,358		2,012,755		2,052,708		2,208,941		2,301,460		2,437,360
Total primary government expenses	\$	4,210,634	\$	4,012,044	\$	4,225,551	\$	4,715,089	\$	4,789,883	\$	4,896,626	\$	5,094,222	\$	5,680,864	\$	5,790,762	\$	6,466,278
Program Revenues:																				
Governmental Activities:																				
Charges for services:																				
General government	s	28,513	\$	32,285	\$	33,577	\$	32,024	\$	33,238	\$	4,800	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Public safety	•	35,378	•	34,162	•	40,931	•	1,820	-	1,518	•	1,976	•	2,505	*	2,006	•	1,426	•	7,435
Transportation		192,133		199,386		260,167		255,696		282,967		308,415		322,890		328,351		335,351		342,511
Economic and physical development		13,310		14,928		7,700		54,465		114,167		101,849		108,789		83,677		64,668		103,918
Library		8,182		9,447		10,114		8,143		7,982		8,411		8,296		7,597		7,056		6,388
Cultural and recreational		36,270		41,180		46,425		46,285		42,617		47,819		47,990		49,072		52,475		47,050
Interest on long-term debt		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions		146,080		227,742		134,969		134,431		150,101		144,010		185,131		187,818		228,786		171,347
Capital grants and contributions						182,250		108,722		57,152		130,216		35,922		533,576		121,132		61,638
Total governmental activities program revenues	\$	459,866	\$	559,130	\$	716,133	\$	641,586	\$	689,742	\$	747,496	\$	711,523	\$	1,192,097	\$	810,894	\$	740,287
Business-Type Activities: Charges for services:																				
Water and sewer	\$	1,398,642	\$	1,376,471	\$	1,441,565	\$	1,533,449	\$	1,658,133	\$	1,694,226	\$	1,737,079	\$	1,745,482	\$	1,916,286	\$	2,083,879
Operating grants and contributions		188,663		171,910		201,326		219,549		484,420		333,716		414,973		322,990		251,707		384,156
Capital grants and contributions				353,986		406,013		1,623,612		181,184	_			97,394						
Total business-type activities program revenues		1,587,305		1,902,367		2,048,904		3,376,610	_	2,323,737		2,027,942		2,249,446		2,068,472		2,167,993		2,468,035
Total primary government program revenues	\$	2,047,171	\$	2,461,497	\$	2,765,037	\$	4,018,196	\$	3,013,479	\$	2,775,438	\$	2,960,969	\$	3,260,569	\$	2,978,887	\$	3,208,322
Net (expense) revenue:																				
Governmental activities	\$	(2,403,314)	\$	(2,099,805)	\$	(2,026,193)	\$	(2,503,244)	\$	(2,324,783)	\$	(2,136,375)	\$	(2,329,991)	\$	(2,279,826)	\$	(2,678,408)	\$	(3,288,631)
Business-type activities		239,851		549,258		565,679		1,806,351	_	548,379		15,187		196,738		(140,469)		(133,467)		30,675
Total primary government net revenue (expense)	\$	(2,163,463)	\$	(1,550,547)	\$	(1,460,514)	\$	(696,893)	\$	(1,776,404)	\$	(2,121,188)	\$	(2,133,253)	\$	(2,420,295)	\$	(2,811,875)	\$	(3,257,956)

Note 1: Amounts are based on the Accrual Basis of Accounting.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016	_	2017		2018
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position:																				
Governmental Activities: Taxes:																				
Property taxes, levied for general purpose	\$	1,255,262	\$	1,465,577	•	1.467.565	\$	1,519,820	\$	1,522,625	\$	1,618,658	\$	1,614,630	•	1,731,489	•	1,784,595	•	1,868,053
Other taxes	Þ	28.848	Þ	31,310	ф	31.202	Ф	65.037	Ф	57.552	Ф	29,741	Ф	20,853	ф	18,886	Ф	20,183	Ф	1,000,053
Grants & contributions not restricted to specific programs		790.878		694.394		714.504		733.685		772.684		766,390		914,883		978,513		1,102,110		1.150.857
Unrestricted investment earnings		28,166		11,632		7.077		6,226		4.658		3,260		2,472		2,510		5,918		28,461
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		10,373		3,500		(3,920)		18,580		2.010		3,200		2,955		15,801		(8,229)		282.064
Miscellaneous		32,147		17,860		11,289		12,197		10,905		21,101		26,139		13,783		22,180		65,593
Transfers		108,000		108,000		128,000		88,000		8.000		8.000		20,133		13,703		22,100		-
	-				-		_				-		-	0.504.000		0.700.000	_		_	
Total governmental activities		2,253,674		2,332,273	_	2,355,717	_	2,443,545	_	2,378,434		2,447,150	_	2,581,932	_	2,760,982	_	2,926,757		3,412,227
Business-Type Activities:																				
Other taxes		_		_		_		_		37,566		_		_		_		_		_
Grants & contributions not restricted to specific programs		_		_		_		_		-		_		_		_		_		_
Unrestricted investment earnings		22,827		8.931		6.700		5.443		4,097		4,078		3,249		3,589		3,439		3.584
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		720		(208)		-		46		-		-		-		-		-		_
Miscellaneous		_		-		_		-		_		_		_		_		-		_
Capital contributed		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_
Transfers		(108,000)		(108,000)		(128,000)		(88,000)		(8,000)		(8,000)								
Total business-type activities		(84,453)		(99,277)		(121,300)		(82,511)		33,663		(3,922)		3,249		3,589		3,439		3,584
Total primary government	\$	2,169,221	\$	2,232,996	\$	2,234,417	\$	2,361,034	\$	2,412,097	\$	2,443,228	\$	2,585,181	\$	2,764,571	\$	2,930,196	\$	3,415,811
Net Position																				
Governmental activities	•	6.267.423	•	6,499,891	•	6.829.415	•	6,769,716	•	6.823.367	\$	7,134,142	•	7,283,799	•	7,808,998	•	8.020.592	•	8,113,639
Business-type activities	Ą	7,143,759	φ	7,593,740	φ	8,038,119	φ	9,761,959	φ	10,344,001	φ	10,355,266	φ	10,510,641	φ	10,373,761	φ	10,243,733	φ	10,261,956
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_		_	
Total primary government net position	\$	13,411,182	\$	14,093,631	\$	14,867,534	\$	16,531,675	\$	17,167,368	\$	17,489,408	\$	17,794,440	\$	18,182,759	\$	18,264,325	\$	18,375,595

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE

Fiscal Year	Property Tax	Tax Rate
2009	\$ 1,258,041	0.530
2010	1,467,815	0.530
2011	1,475,081	0.530
2012	1,518,362	0.530
2013	1,520,942	0.530
2014	1,613,759	0.530
2015	1,612,968	0.530
2016	1,728,678	0.530
2017	1,785,191	0.530
2018	1,859,149	0.530

Note 1: Town of Angier only levies a property tax.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	200	9		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund:																				
Reserved		66,514	\$	603,272	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved	2,2	91,688		2,494,506						-				-						
Total General Fund	\$ 2,7	58,202	\$	3,097,778	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
All Other Governmental Funds:																				
Reserved	\$ 2	32,341	\$	208,039	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved, reported in:																				
Special revenue funds		33,151		22,299						-				-						
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2	65,492	\$	230,338	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Post-GASB 54																				
General Fund:	200	9		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
General Fund: Fund Balance:																				
	\$		•																	
Restricted	φ				Φ		Ф		Ф		Ф		¢		æ		¢	73.035	¢	1 220
restricted			\$	-	\$	- 642 148	\$	- 508 385	\$	- 412 130	\$	-	\$	- 626 476	\$	- 584 742	\$	73,035 715,128	\$	1,339
Committed		-	\$	-	\$	- 642,148 -	\$	- 508,385 -	\$	- 412,139 -	\$	- 449,864 -	\$	- 626,476 -	\$	- 584,742 47,063	\$	715,128	\$	627,001
Committed Assigned		-	\$	-	\$	642,148 - -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	449,864 -	\$	-	\$	47,063	\$	715,128 50,081	\$	627,001 53,095
Assigned		- - -	\$	- - -	\$	642,148 - - 2,500,296	\$	508,385 - 50,614 2,550,637	\$	412,139 - 45,986 2,826,402	\$		\$	626,476 - 32,777 3,101,606	\$	47,063 151,821	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082	\$	627,001 53,095 156,687
	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	-	\$	- 50,614	\$	- 45,986	\$	449,864 - 45,029	\$	32,777	\$	47,063	\$	715,128 50,081	\$	627,001 53,095
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund	\$	- - - - -		- - - - -	_	- - 2,500,296	\$	50,614 2,550,637	\$	45,986 2,826,402	\$	449,864 - 45,029 3,035,227	\$	32,777 3,101,606	\$	47,063 151,821 2,867,778	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082 2,879,320		627,001 53,095 156,687 3,292,165
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds:	\$	- - - -		- - - - -	_	- - 2,500,296	\$	50,614 2,550,637	\$	45,986 2,826,402	\$	449,864 - 45,029 3,035,227	\$	32,777 3,101,606	\$	47,063 151,821 2,867,778	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082 2,879,320		627,001 53,095 156,687 3,292,165
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds: Fund Balance:	\$	- - - - -		-	_	- - 2,500,296	\$	50,614 2,550,637	\$	45,986 2,826,402	\$ \$	449,864 - 45,029 3,035,227	\$	32,777 3,101,606	\$	47,063 151,821 2,867,778	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082 2,879,320		627,001 53,095 156,687 3,292,165
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds: Fund Balance:	\$	- - - - -	\$	-	\$	- - 2,500,296	\$	50,614 2,550,637	\$	45,986 2,826,402	\$	449,864 - 45,029 3,035,227	\$	32,777 3,101,606	\$	47,063 151,821 2,867,778	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082 2,879,320	\$	627,001 53,095 156,687 3,292,165
Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds: Fund Balance: Nonspendable	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	2,500,296 3,142,444	\$	50,614 2,550,637 3,109,636	\$	45,986 2,826,402 3,284,527	\$	449,864 - 45,029 3,035,227 3,530,120	\$	32,777 3,101,606 3,760,859	\$	47,063 151,821 2,867,778 3,651,404	\$	715,128 50,081 246,082 2,879,320 3,963,646	\$	627,001 53,095 156,687 3,292,165 4,130,287

Note 1: Amounts are based on the Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Revenues		2009		2010		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018
Ad valorem taxes	\$	1,257,132	\$	1,470,497	\$	1,440,244	\$	1,509,640	\$	1,562,447	\$	1,621,154	\$	1,630,275	\$	1,731,443	\$	1,792,108	\$	1,870,712
Other taxes and licenses	•	21,153	•	24,181	•	23,749	*	57,344	*	57,552	•	29,741	*	20,853	•	18,886	•	20,183	•	17,199
Unrestricted intergovernmental		758,566		712,760		734,234		754.432		785,788		782.614		931.137		995,413		1,124,536		1,178,395
Restricted intergovernmental		211,197		222,152		293,426		204,605		185,306		267,056		213,922		714,274		337,116		215,442
Permits and fees		240,919		248,476		308,798		311,981		398,652		412,240		434,184		414,034		401,445		453,864
Sales and services		29,820		33,280		40,300		38,460		36,267		41,719		40,390		42,472		43,125		39,015
Investment earnings		30,249		12,222		7,870		6,654		4,941		3,430		2,603		2,630		6,017		28,461
Miscellaneous		48,101		61,255		63,828		51,755		50,371		31,188		32,781		18,080		28,863		69,998
Total revenues		2,597,137		2,784,823		2,912,449		2,934,871		3,081,324		3,189,142		3,306,145		3,937,232		3,753,393		3,873,086
Expenditures																				
General government		624,570		629,303		629,085		584,698		606,798		668,187		759,756		774,882		988,637		919,714
Public safety		738,738		817,792		782,938		887,674		778,467		859,338		971,089		1,054,957		981,411		1,066,030
Transportation		465,128		391,900		471,859		624,039		628,029		877,295		787,229		1,386,020		739,394		636,814
Powell Bill		264,336		25,829		49,976		345,708		218,472		39,259		31,508		284,188		23,149		294,388
Economic and physical development		188,094		190,567		127,137		125,995		114,883		114,159		134,585		112,734		104,888		160,293
Culture and recreation		336,109		358,963		790,164		240,144		267,147		256,912		281,991		298,593		363,674		585,924
Library		-		-		-		210,109		151,924		137,780		140,292		150,882		141,353		151,813
Debt service																				
Principal		128,053		127,436		100,353		114,517		121,621		156,330		168,951		182,150		164,237		142,622
Interest and other charges		55,895		50,111		45,551		43,236		39,315		37,337		33,626		29,710		25,232		21,317
Total expenditures		2,800,923		2,591,901		2,997,063		3,176,120		2,926,656		3,146,597		3,309,027		4,274,116		3,531,975		3,978,915
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(203,786)		192,922		(84,614)		(241,249)		154,668		42,545		(2,882)		(336,884)		221,418		(105,829)
Other financing sources (uses)																				
Transfers in		108,000		108,000		128,000		88,000		8,000		8,000		-		-		-		-
Insurance Recovery		-		-		-		15,000		16,664		-		-		-		-		-
Sale of capital assets		29,820		3,500		-		20,373		2,010		-		3,820		17,036		-		282,064
Installment purchase obligations				-		-		64,811				167,849		28,963		141,000		28,565		
Total other financing sources (uses)		137,820		111,500		128,000		188,184		26,674		175,849		32,783		158,036		28,565		282,064
Net change in fund balance	\$	(65,966)	\$	304,422	\$	43,386	\$	(53,065)	\$	181,342	\$	218,394	\$	29,901	\$	(178,848)	\$	249,983	\$	176,235
Capital Outlay Expenditures which were capitalized		94,075		73,245		426,293		242,487		83,865		449,897		363,426		875,827		213,211		392,587
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		6.8%		7.0%		5.7%		5.4%		5.7%		7.2%		6.9%		6.2%		5.7%		4.6%

Note 1: Amounts are based on the Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		R	leal Property	Per	sonal Property	 ıblic Service Company	т.	otal Assessed Value	Ratio of Assessed Value to Estimated Actual Value (1)	Property Tax Rate (2)
2009	(3)	\$	239,374,831	\$	32,063,872	\$ 4,887,533	\$	276,326,236	100%	0.530
2010	(4)		242,838,514		32,658,056	4,736,963		280,233,533	100%	0.530
2011			244,306,166		33,444,194	4,736,266		282,486,626	100%	0.530
2012			247,562,767		34,058,683	4,775,887		286,397,337	100%	0.530
2013			248,769,174		35,175,378	7,029,030		290,973,582	100%	0.530
2014			261,310,854		14,609,195	4,344,209		280,264,258	100%	0.530
2015			274,189,366		14,086,139	4,704,126		292,979,631	100%	0.530
2016			282,763,270		13,257,517	4,568,906		300,589,693	100%	0.530
2017			291,555,074		16,894,453	4,748,856		313,198,383	100%	0.530
2018			N/A		N/A	N/A		N/A		

Notes:

- (1) Assessed value is established by the Harnett County and Wake County tax departments at 100% estimated market value.
- (2) Rate per \$100 of assessed valuation.
- (3) A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Wake County in 2016.
- (4) A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Harnett County in 2009.

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING (1) PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Total Direct and Ov	erlapping Rates
		Town of	Harnett	Wake	Harnett County	Wake County
Fiscal Year		Angier	County	County (4)	Residents	Residents
2009	(2)	0.530	0.735	0.534	1.265	1.064
2010	(3)	0.530	0.725	0.534	1.255	1.064
2011		0.530	0.725	0.534	1.255	1.064
2012		0.530	0.725	0.534	1.255	1.064
2013		0.530	0.725	0.534	1.255	1.064
2014		0.530	0.750	0.578	1.28	1.108
2015		0.530	0.750	0.615	1.28	1.145
2016		0.530	0.750	0.601	1.28	1.131
2017		0.530	0.750	0.601	1.28	1.131
2018		0.530	0.700	0.615	1.23	1.145

Notes:

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within

- (1) the Town of Angier.
- A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Wake County in 2016.
- A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Harnett County in 2009.
- (4) The Town of Angier expanded into Wake County in 2004.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			2018				2005 (1)	
	_			Percentage of Total	_			Percentage of Total
	Tax	able Assessed		Taxable Assessed	Tax	cable Assessed		Taxable Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value		Value	Rank	Value
National Foam, Inc.	\$	3,278,507	1	1.03%				
Duke Energy Progress, Inc.		2,892,904	2	0.90%				
JBS S Company, LLC		2,799,450	3	0.88%				
Gibson, Ronald A.		2,703,440	4	0.85%				
Angier Associates, LLC		2,640,190	5	0.83%				
Lane North Park Apartments, LLC		2,382,660	6	0.75%				
Charter Communications II, LP		2,101,913	7	0.66%				
Blackriver Townhomes, LLC		2,037,550	8	0.64%				
KKLM Associates		2,012,280	9	0.63%				
Lake Park Luxury Townhouse Apts, LLC		1,635,280	10	0.51%				
Mr. and Mrs. Ronald A. Gibson					\$	3,255,700	1	1.63%
Mary Frances Coats						3,242,640	2	1.62%
Parker and Stephenson						2,649,570	3	1.32%
Angier Associates, LLC						2,642,270	4	1.32%
AFAC, Inc.						2,424,250	5	1.21%
KKLM Associates						2,162,620	6	1.08%
Carolina Telephone						2,144,429	7	1.07%
Carolina Power & Light						1,739,996	8	0.87%
Angus Fire Armour						1,710,830	9	0.86%
Avery L. Moore, Jr.						1,559,060	10	0.78%
Totals	\$	24,484,174		7.7%	\$	23,531,365		11.8%
Total Assessed Value	\$	319,705,283			\$	200,061,658		

Source: Harnett County Tax Departments Statistics and Reports - Top Taxpayers

Notes: (1) Earliest data available from Harnett County

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Collected v				Total Collecti	ions to Date		
Fiscal Year		Total Tax Levy	Amount	Percent of Levy	Cı	ections and redits in bsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy		
2008-2009		\$ 1,258,041	\$ 1,226,500	97.49%	\$	27,845	\$ 1,254,345	99.71%		
2009-2010	(1)	1,467,815	1,439,401	98.06%		26,281	1,465,682	99.85%		
2010-2011	. ,	1,475,081	1,417,503	96.10%		55,468	1,472,971	99.86%		
2011-2012		1,518,362	1,462,478	96.32%		53,341	1,515,819	99.83%		
2012-2013		1,520,942	1,492,458	98.13%		25,942	1,518,400	99.83%		
2013-2014		1,613,759	1,590,124	98.54%		21,548	1,611,672	99.87%		
2014-2015		1,612,968	1,607,463	99.66%		4,578	1,612,041	99.94%		
2015-2016		1,728,678	1,722,041	99.62%		4,715	1,726,756	99.89%		
2016-2017	(2)	1,785,191	1,782,461	99.85%		862	1,783,323	99.90%		
2017-2018		1,813,843	1,809,657	99.77%		-	1,809,657	99.77%		

Notes:

A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Harnett County in 2009.

A revaluation of all property is required every eight (8) years by North Carolina statute. The last revaluation occurred for Wake County in 2016.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governm	ental Activities	Business-Type Activities							_			
		Installment	'			lr	nstallment				To	tal Primary	
Fiscal Year	GO Bonds	Purchases	GO Bonds	Revo	olving Loan		Purchases	Rev	enue Bonds	-	G	overnment	Per Capita
2009	\$ -	\$ 1,307,922	\$ 1,483,500	\$	120,000	\$	98,701	\$	-		\$	3,010,123	\$ 692
2010	-	1,180,486	1,438,000		105,000		33,853		-			2,757,339	634
2011	-	1,080,137	1,301,000		90,000		-		1,240,000	(1)		3,711,137	846
2012	-	1,030,431	1,259,423		75,000		-		3,147,000	(2)		5,511,854	1,226
2013	-	908,811	1,188,619		60,000		=		3,132,000			5,289,430	1,163
2014	-	920,216	1,115,144		45,000		=		3,093,000			5,173,360	1,097
2015	-	780,341	1,039,006		30,000		=		3,052,000			4,901,347	1,010
2016	-	739,191	960,214		15,000		=		3,010,000			4,724,405	958
2017	-	603,520	878,780		=		1,600,000		2,967,000			6,049,300	1,226
2018	-	460,876	794,213		-		1,512,636		2,922,000			5,689,725	1,112

Notes:

^{(1) -} Revenue bonds issued for Phase I of Water and Sewer improvements.

^{(2) -} Revenue bones issued for Phase I and Phase II of Water and Sewer improvements.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General ration Bonds	Percentage of Assessed Property Value	Per Capita
2009	\$ 1,363,500	0.49%	314
2010	1,333,000	0.48%	306
2011	1,301,000	0.46%	297
2012	1,259,423	0.45%	280
2013	1,188,619	0.42%	261
2014	1,115,144	0.39%	236
2015	1,039,006	0.37%	214
2016	960,214	0.33%	195
2017	878,780	0.30%	178
2018	794,213	0.27%	155.18

Note: Details regarding the Town's debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT

AS OF JUNE 30, 2018

Governmental Unit	Debt	Outstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable to	 nated Share of rlapping Debt	_
Debt repaid with property taxes - Harnett County	\$	148,494,622	4.02%	\$ 4,511,737	
Subtotal, overlapping debt				4,511,737	
Town of Angier direct debt				603,520	(3)
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 5,115,257	

Notes:

- (1) Amount represents General Obligation Debt of Harnett County, North Carolina, reported in the FY2017 CAFR. The FY2018 CAFR is not available as of 1.31.19. The Town is a Municipal Government within Harnett County.
- (2) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the town is estimated using FY 2017 assessed property values. The applicable percentage represents the town's total assessed value divided by Harnett County's total assessed value.
- (3) Includes all governmental general obligation and installment financing debt as of 6.30.17.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Debt limit Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	2009 \$ 18,147,946 2,890,123 \$ 15,257,823	2010 \$ 21,917,565 2,652,339 \$ 19,265,226	2011 \$ 21,921,031 2,471,137 \$ 19,449,894	2012 \$ 22,716,446 2,364,855 \$ 20,351,591	2013 \$ 23,277,887 2,157,430 \$ 21,120,457	2014 \$ 22,939,241 2,080,474 \$ 20,858,767	2015 \$ 22,421,141 1,895,347 \$ 20,525,794	2016 \$ 23,702,492 1,714,405 \$ 21,988,087	2017 \$ 23,960,725 3,082,300 \$ 20,878,425	2018 \$ 25,055,871 2,767,725 \$ 22,288,146
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit	15.93%	12.10%	11.27%	10.41%	9.27%	9.07%	8.45%	7.23%	12.86%	11.05%
	Assessed Value Debt Limit (8% of to		Calculated for Fiscal	Year 2018 (1)			\$ 313,198,383 25,055,871			
	Debt applicable to li General obligation Non bonded debt Less statute exclu	bonds					794,213 1,973,512 			
	Total net debt a	pplicable to limit					2,767,725			
	Legal Debt Margin						\$ 22,288,146			

Notes:

^{(1) -} Under North Carolina general statutes, the legal debt limit should not exceed 8% of total assessed property value. By law, the statues provide exclusions for bonded debt which has been issued for water and sewer systems, provided the criteria for excluding the debt has been satisfied by the unit of government.

PLEDGE-REVENUE COVERAGE

								Sewer Reven	ue Bond	s				
											Debt S	ervice		
	Wat	er and Sewer	0	ther Non-			Les	s Operating	Ne	et Available			_	
Fiscal Year		Charges	Opera	ting Revenues	To	tal Charges		xpenses		Revenue	 Principal	I	nterest	Coverage
2009	\$	1,572,280	\$	38,526	\$	1,610,806	\$	1,263,046	\$	347,760	\$ 105,214	\$	85,890	1.82
2010		1,531,521		1,265,791		2,797,312		1,195,146		1,602,166	1,350,348		63,212	1.13
2011		1,610,628		38,963		1,649,591		1,405,091		244,500	80,854		125,417	1.19
2012		1,731,833		3,258,654		4,990,487		1,460,051		3,530,436	3,302,577		132,898	1.03
2013		2,124,130		60,086		2,184,216		1,619,887		564,329	100,804		169,885	2.08
2014		2,003,704		28,316		2,032,020		1,846,612		185,408	127,476		166,483	0.63
2015		2,110,082		45,219		2,155,301		1,891,064		264,237	132,138		161,827	0.90
2016		2,022,461		49,600		2,072,061		2,052,310		19,751	135,792		156,997	0.07
2017		2,123,533		47,687		2,171,220		2,148,501		22,719	139,434		152,030	0.08
2018		2,437,355		34,264		2,471,619		2,247,223		224,396	216,931		190,652	0.55

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS

	Angier	Median Household			School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Income (1)	Housing Units (1)	Median Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2009	4,349	N/A	N/A	35.0	253	11.8%
2010	4,350	N/A	N/A	35.0	425	10.8%
2011	4,385	N/A	N/A	34.0	425	11.8%
2012	4,495	N/A	N/A	34.0	424	11.2%
2013	4,547	N/A	N/A	34.0	438	10.5%
2014	4,718	N/A	N/A	34.0	450	7.2%
2015	4,851	N/A	N/A	34.0	452	6.2%
2016	4,934	N/A	N/A	34.0	454	5.4%
2017	5,091	45,428	20,293	33.4	425	4.0%
2018	5,118	44,821	22,430	N/A	426	3.6%
	Harnett	Median				
	County	Household			School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Income (1)	Housing Units (1)	Median Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2017	132,754	50,323	50,542	33.9	N/A	5.1%
2018	133,114	45,709	54,879	N/A	N/A	5.1%
		Median				
	Wake County	Household			School	Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Income (1)	Housing Units (1)	Median Age (1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2017	1,072,203	73,577	411.632	35.8	N/A	4.0%
2018	1,092,636	74,355	445,518	N/A	N/A	3.6%
Notes:						
(1)	2017 statistics prov	ided by the United	States Census Bureau: I	nttps://www.census.go	V	

- 2017 statistics provided by the United States Census Bureau: https://www.census.gov
 2018 statistics provided by North Carolina census data: https://northcarolina.hometownlocator.com/nc
- (2) 2017 and 2018 statistics provided by Angier Elementary School administration
- (3) 2017 and 2018 statistics for Angier provided by North Carolina unemployment data: https://www.homefacts.com/unemployment/North-Carolina/
 - 2017 and 2018 statistics for Harnett and Wake counties provided by North Carolina government data: https://d4.nccommerce.com/LausSelection.aspx

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

	2017 (2)	2008 (1)
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees
Harnett County Schools	1000+	1	1000+
Campbell University	1000+	2	500-999
Food Lion	1000+	3	500-999
County of Harnett	500-999	4	1000+
Betsy Johnson Memorial Hospital	500-999	5	500-999
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	500-999	6	250-499
Charlie C's Operation Center, Inc.	250-499	7	250-499
NC Department of Public Safety	250-499	8	250-499
Champion Home Builders, Inc.	100-249	9	100-249
Edwards Brothers Malloy	100-249	10	250-499
Machine & Welding Supply Co.	100-249	11	100-249

^{(1) -} This information reports Harnett County's principal employers. The Town of Angier's data is not available.

⁽²⁾ These are the principal employers, as reported in the FY2017 CAFR for Harnett County. The FY2018 CAFR is not available, as of 1.31.19.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT TOWN GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General Government:										
Governing Body	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Administration	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	3.5
Finance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
Library	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Economic and Physical Development:										
Planning and Zoning	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Safety:										
Law Enforcement Officers	12	12	11	12	12	12	13	14	14	12
Public Works:										
Streets	1	2	0.66	0.66	0.66	0.67	1.34	1.34	1.34	1.34
Water	2	1	4.16	4.16	4.16	4.17	4.34	4.84	4.84	3
Sewer	5	5	3.16	3.16	3.16	3.17	3.34	3.84	3.84	4.34
Parks & Recreation	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3
Total	34	34	33	34	35	35	37	39	39	37

TOWN OF ANGIER, NORTH CAROLINAOPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function:										
Public Safety:										
Physical arrests	252	265	259	236	145	208	351	354	459	244
Traffic violations	1,167	1434	999	686	784	378	782	850	762	283
Highways and Streets:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	3.78	N/A	1.67	1.83	1	0	0	0	0	1.39
Potholes repaired	15	10	12	12	10	12	12	14	20	16
Code Enforcement/Inspections:										
Building permits	101	133	155	226	306	342	277	369	332	312
Sanitation:										
Yard waste collected (tons/year)	N/A	N/A	241.02	271.07	276.93	264.36	263.41	484.01	274.22	N/A
Household/appliances (tons/year)	N/A	N/A	75.24	83.44	87.37	91.04	106.79	118.38	100.05	N/A
Recycle pick-up fee	N/A	3	3	3	3.1	3.3	3.3	3.3	3.3	4.0
Trash pick-up fee	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.5	8.75	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.3	9.60
Culture and Recreation:										
Athletic field permits issued	2	2	3	2	3	8	22	28	31	48
Youth participation:										
Fall soccer	292	300	315	308	298	265	252	360	374	322
Football and cheerleading	138	162	146	152	144	150	112	107	92	106
Basketball	220	227	238	265	278	255	238	252	274	276
Baseball	566	594	614	592	583	580	517	543	484	473
Water:										
Water customers	2599	2616	2642	2581	2511	2567	2637	2706	2772	2834
Average water bill	57.2	63.6	66.15	66.47	58.12	57.79	63.64	66.37	68.72	63.1
Water main breaks	12	8	10	12	14	24	20	22	23	20

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function			<u> </u>					<u> </u>		
Public Safety:										
Police stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police patrol units	15	15	15	15	21	18	19	19	19	19
Sanitation:										
Collection trucks	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	3
Highways and Streets:										
Streets (miles)	23.37	24.37	24.37	24.37	24.37	24.37	24.37	24.37	24.66	24.66
Traffic signals	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Culture and Recreation:										
Parks acreage	26.5	26.5	26.5	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1	27.1
Parks acreage	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Baseball fields	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Tennis courts	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Water mains (feet):										
4" water line	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043	7043
6" water line	118034	123302	123302	123302	123302	123302	123302	123302	123302	125853
8" water line	48800	51800	51800	51800	51800	51800	51800	51800	51800	65276
10' water line	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711	8711
12" water line	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019	37019
20' water line	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967	5967
Total	225574	233842	233842	233842	233842	233842	233842	233842	233842	249869
Sewer:										
8" sewer lines (feet)	121651	121651	121651	121651	121651	121651	121651	121651	121651	126591
16" sewer line (feet)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1718

TOWN OF ANGIER

COMPLIANCE SECTION



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Commissioners Town of Angier Angier, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Angier, North Carolina (the "Town"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 25, 2019. Our report includes a reference to another auditor, who audited the financial statements of the Town of Angier Alcoholic Beverage Control Board (the "Board"), as described in our report on the Town's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported separately by the other auditor. The financial statements of the Board were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements, we considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A *deficiency* in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Town's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the following deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness: 2018-003.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the following deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies: 2018-001 and 2018-002.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town's basic financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2018-004.

Town's Response to Findings

The Town's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The Town's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Town's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Raleigh, North Carolina February 25, 2019

Chuny Belaert LLP

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

SECTION I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness identified X Yes No Significant deficiency identified that is not considered to be a material weakness X Yes None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted Yes X No **Federal Awards** There were no major federal awards. **State Awards**

SECTION II. Financial Statement Findings

There were no major State awards.

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2018-001 Segregation of Duties

Criteria: Duties should be segregated to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are handled appropriately.

Condition: An individual employee has the ability to access and receive cash from customers and to adjust customer bills within the Town's system.

Effect: Potential misstatement of cash, revenue, or customer deposits.

Cause: There are a limited number of personnel for certain functions.

Recommendation: The duties should be separated as much as possible and alternative controls should be used to compensate for lack of separation. In order to achieve greater segregation, the finance director should consider restructuring employee responsibilities and or adding personnel when financially feasible.

Management Response: The Town agrees with this finding and continues to improve controls as much as possible with the limited number of personnel available.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Significant Deficiency

Finding 2018-002 Approval of Journal Entries

Criteria: Management should have procedures in place over the journal entry process to ensure that they are reviewed and approved and that proper segregation of duties is followed.

Condition: During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, management did not have a process in place to document the review and approval of journal entries or to ensure that proper segregation of duties over the posting of journal entries was followed.

Effect: Potential misstatement to any financial statement line item.

Recommendation: Management should implement procedures over the journal entry process to ensure that they are appropriately reviewed and approved and that proper segregation of duties is followed.

Management Response: The Town agrees with this finding and will begin taking immediate as well as ongoing steps to resolve this matter.

Material Weakness

Finding 2018-003 Financial Reporting

Criteria: Management should have sufficient controls over financial reporting such that the financial statements are materially correct without proposed audit adjustments.

Condition: During the audit several material audit adjustments were proposed to management. An adjustment was made to record sales tax collected in September 2018 which related to June 2018. Additionally, several adjustments were made for items not properly accrued as of June 30, 2018. Auditor also prepared draft financial statements.

Effect: Management agreed with and posted the proposed audit adjustments and draft financial statements.

Recommendation: Management should continue efforts to improve the accuracy of year-end financial reporting by reviewing the procedures that have been implemented and make appropriate changes as needed.

Management Response: The Town agrees with this finding and will take the necessary actions as described in the Corrective Action Plan to deal with this issue.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Nonmaterial Noncompliance Finding 2018-004 Budgetary Violation

Criteria: Therefore, notwithstanding any other provision of law, no local government or public authority may expend any moneys, regardless of assessments), except in accordance with a budget ordinance or their source (including moneys derived from bond proceeds, federal state, or private grants or loans, special project ordinance adopted (NC General Statute 159-8).

Condition: The expenditures made in the Water and Sewer Fund for debt service and in the General Fund for parks and recreation exceeded budgeted expenditures by \$23,332, and \$7,629, respectively.

Effect: Budgeted expenditure amounts for these two departments violated NC General Statute 159-8.

Recommendation: Changes be made to the budget resolution when necessary to cover expenditures.

Management Response: The Town agrees with this finding and understands that it must comply with statutory and other legally imposed requirements regarding the expenditure of funds within the limits of legally required budgets and other legal requirements.

SECTION III. Federal Award Findings

None reported.

SECTION IV. State Award Findings

None reported.



www.angier.org

Lewis Weatherspoon Mayor Gerry Vincent Town Manager

Veronica Hardaway Town Clerk

Town of Angier Audit of Financial Statements for the Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/18 CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

Finding 2018-001 Segregation of Duties

Name of Contact Person: John W. Ellis, III - Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management will look at the possibility of restructuring duties in order to achieve greater segregation of duties. With the limited number of personnel available, this may not be possible immediately. When the vacant position for a third employee is filled in the near future, staff duties will be reviewed and changed/realigned as much as possible to achieve greater segregation of responsibilities.

Additionally, the Finance Director currently reviews and approves all adjustments. Management will also work with our software vendor to determine if there are ways that controls can be increased via the software program. Finally, as funds allow, the Town will look at adding additional personnel in order to strengthen controls by assigning duties over a larger number of available employees.

Proposed Completion Date: Ongoing.

Finding 2018-002 Approval of Journal Entries

Name of Contact Person: John W. Ellis, III - Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management will change the process to require all journal entries to be reviewed and approved before posting of the entry. Management will also work to ensure proper segregation of duties over the posting of journal entries. As part of this process, the Finance Director will review and approve all journal entries generated in the Finance Department and any journal entries prepared/proposed by the Finance Director will be approved by the Town Manager.

Proposed Completion Date: Immediate and ongoing.

Finding 2018-003 Financial Reporting

Name of Contact Person: John W. Ellis, III - Finance Director

Corrective Action: Staff understands that amounts collected for sales tax for a fiscal year are collected through the month of September. Staff will ensure that the books are held open and any amounts collected for sales tax through September that are for the fiscal year ending June 30 prior will be accrued and recorded in the appropriate fiscal year.

Additionally, management understands the importance of proper cut off with financial information. The Finance Director and Finance Department staff will scrutinize transactions to verify which period they should be posted to. This will require additional effort to review transactions that occur at, near or after year end to verify the period to which they belong and ensure that they are posted to that proper period. The same will be true for the beginning of the fiscal year as some transactions will apply to the new fiscal period and others will be for items that were accrued and recorded for the period ending June 30th but were not actually received or disbursed until after June 30.

Proposed Completion Date: Ongoing.

Finding 2018-004 Budgetary Violations

Name of Contact Person: John W. Ellis, III - Finance Director

Corrective Action: Management understands that the expenditure of moneys must be in accordance with the budget ordinance or their source. The error found during the audit was that amounts expended were in excess of the amounts budgeted. Management will review financial reporting to ensure that expenditures are in line with approved budgets and that funds are not expended in excess of budget. If that situation occurs, it will be corrected immediately.

Management will also review financial reporting before the last meeting in June to determine that there are no departments where expenditures exceed the budget authorization or there is the possibility of that occurring by June 30th. Those situations will be corrected immediately with appropriate budget amendments so there is no budget violation. Should a situation arise after the last Board meeting in June but before June 30th, the Finance Director would ask for a special meeting in order to adopt necessary budget amendments so that no departmental expenditures exceed appropriated budgets at June 30th.

Proposed Completion Date: Ongoing.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Finding 2017-001

Status: Not corrected